

## EVAL-AD7731EB

### FEATURES

- Operates from a Single +5V Supply
- On-Board Reference and Digital Buffers
- Various Linking Options
- Direct Hook-Up to Printer Port of PC
- PC Software for Control and Data Analysis

### INTRODUCTION

This Technical Note describes the evaluation board for the AD7731, Process Control ADC. The AD7731 is a complete analog front-end for process control applications. The device has a proprietary programmable gain front end which allows it to accept a range of input signal ranges including low-level signals directly from a transducer. The part features three buffered differential programmable gain analog inputs (which can be configured as five pseudo-differential inputs) as well as a differential reference input. Full data on the AD7731 is available in the AD7731 data sheet available from Analog Devices and should be consulted in conjunction with this Technical Note when using the Evaluation Board.

Included on the evaluation board, along with the AD7731, are an AD780, a +2.5 V ultra high precision bandgap reference, a 4.9152MHz crystal and digital buffers to buffer signals to and from the edge connectors.

Interfacing to this board is provided either through a 36-Way Centronics Connector or through a 9-way D-type connector. External sockets are provided for the analog inputs, an external reference input option and an external master clock option.

### OPERATING THE AD7731 EVALUATION BOARD

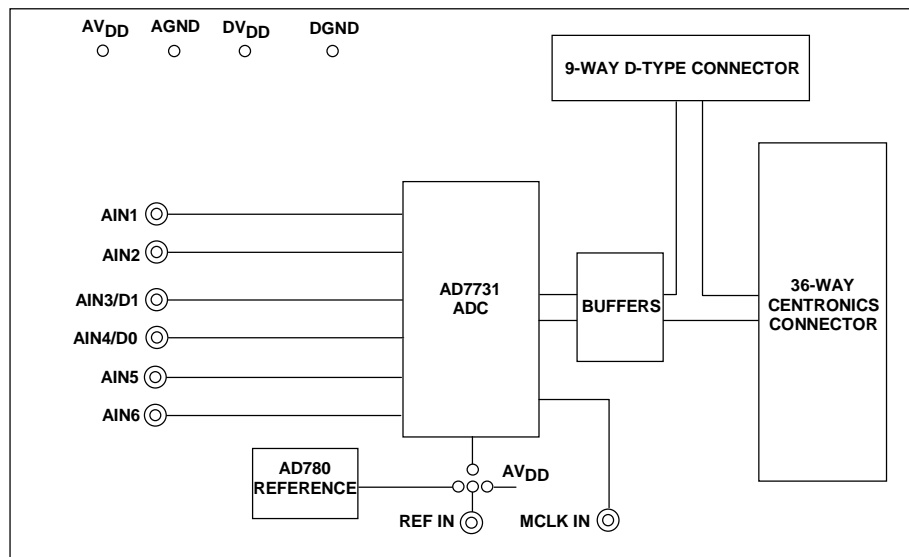
#### Power Supplies

The evaluation board has four power supply input pins:  $AV_{DD}$ ,  $AGND$ ,  $DV_{DD}$  and  $DGND$ . The AD7731 is specified with an  $AV_{DD}$  of +5V. Therefore, the  $AV_{DD}$  voltage supplied to the board must be +5V. This  $AV_{DD}$  voltage is also used to power the AD780 reference. To run the board from a single +5V supply, simply connect the  $AV_{DD}$  and  $DV_{DD}$  inputs together.

Both  $AGND$  and  $DGND$  inputs are provided on the board.  $AGND$  connects to the AD7731  $AGND$  pin and also connects to the  $GND$  pin of the AD780.  $DGND$  connects to the  $DGND$  pin of the AD7731 and to the  $GND$  of the digital chips on the board. The  $AGND$  and  $DGND$  planes are connected at the AD7731. Therefore, it is recommended not to connect  $AGND$  and  $DGND$  elsewhere in the system to avoid ground loop problems. When using a single supply for both  $AV_{DD}$  and  $DV_{DD}$ , only one ground connection should be made to the board. This connection should be made to the board's  $AGND$  input terminal.

Both supplies are decoupled to their respective ground plane with 10 $\mu$ F tantalum and 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic disc capacitors.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



### REV. 0

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# EVAL-AD7731EB

## LINK OPTIONS

There are a number of link options on the evaluation board which should be set for the required operating setup before using the board. The functions of these link options are described in detail below.

Link No.	Function
LK1	<p>This option selects the master clock option for the AD7731. The master clock source comes from the on-board crystal or from an external clock source via SKT11. This is a double link and both links must be moved together for correct operation.</p> <p>With both links in position A, the external clock option is selected and an externally applied clock to SKT 11 is routed to the MCLK IN pin of the AD7731.</p> <p>With both links in position B, the on-board crystal is selected and provides the master clock for the AD7731.</p>
LK2	<p>This link option is used to determine whether the AD7731 is in its normal operating mode or its <math>\overline{\text{STANDBY}}</math> (power-down) mode.</p> <p>With this link in position A, the <math>\overline{\text{STANDBY}}</math> input of the AD7731 is connected to a logic high thus configuring the part for normal operation.</p> <p>With this link in position B, the <math>\overline{\text{STANDBY}}</math> input of the AD7731 is connected to a logic low and the AD7731 is placed in its power-down mode where its power dissipation is typically 100<math>\mu</math>W.</p>
LK3	<p>This link option is used to select the reference source for the AD7731's REF IN(-) input.</p> <p>With this link in position A, the REF IN(-) pin of the AD7731 is connected to SKT10. An external voltage connected to SKT10 can now be used for REF IN(-).</p> <p>With this link in position B, the REF IN(-) pin of the AD7731 is connected directly to AGND.</p>
LK4	<p>This link controls the polarity of the serial clock.</p> <p>With this link in position A, the POL pin of the AD7731 is connected to a logic high. With this input high, the first transition of the serial clock in a data transfer is from a high to a low. This link should be in position A when operating with the evaluation board software.</p> <p>With this link in position B, the POL pin of the AD7731 is connected to a logic low. With this input low, the first transition of the serial clock in a data transfer is from a low to a high.</p>
LK5	<p>This link option is used to select the reference source for the AD7731's REF IN(+) input.</p> <p>With this link in position A, the REF IN (+) pin of the AD7731 is connected directly to the output of the on-board reference, the AD780.</p> <p>With this link in position B, the REF IN (+) pin of the AD7731 is connected directly to AV<sub>DD</sub>.</p> <p>With this link in position C, the REF IN(+) pin of the AD7731 is connected to SKT9. An external voltage connected to SKT9 can now be used for REF IN(+).</p>
LK6	<p>This link is in series with the AIN5 pin.</p> <p>With this link in place, SKT7 is connected directly to the AIN5 pin.</p> <p>This link may be removed so that an analog input signal at SKT7 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN5 input of the AD7731.</p>
LK7	<p>This link is in series with the AIN6 pin.</p> <p>With this link in place, SKT8 is connected directly to the AIN6 pin.</p> <p>This link may be removed so that an analog input signal at SKT8 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN6 input of the AD7731.</p>
LK8	<p>This link is in series with the AIN3/D1 pin.</p> <p>With this link in place, SKT5 is connected directly to the AIN3/D1 pin.</p> <p>This link may be removed so that an analog input signal at SKT5 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN3 input of the AD7731.</p>

## Link Options (ctnd)

### Link No.    Function

- LK9            This link is in series with the AIN4/D0 pin.  
 With this link in place, SKT6 is connected directly to the AIN4/D0 pin.  
 This link may be removed so that an analog input signal at SKT6 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN4 input of the AD7731.
- LK10           This link is in series with the AIN1 analog input.  
 With this link in place, the analog input on the SKT3 input is connected directly to the AIN1 input on the part.  
 This link may be removed so that the input signal at SKT3 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN1 input of the AD7731.
- LK11           This link is in series with the AIN2 analog input.  
 With this link in place, the analog input on the SKT4 input is connected directly to the AIN2 input on the part.  
 This link may be removed so that the input signal at SKT4 can be connected to the component grid for signal conditioning before being applied to the AIN2 input of the AD7731.

## SETUP CONDITIONS

Table I shows the position in which all the links are set when the evaluation board is sent out.

**Table I. Initial Link Positions**

Link No.	Position	Function.
LK1	B	Both links in position B to select the on-board crystal oscillator as the master clock for the board.
LK2	A	Normal Operating Mode.
LK3	B	REF IN(-) connected directly to AGND.
LK4	A	POL pin of AD7731 tied high.
LK5	A	REF IN(+) connected to the AD780.
LK6	IN	SKT7 connected to AIN5.
LK7	IN	SKT8 connected to AIN6.
LK8	IN	SKT5 connected to AIN3/D1.
LK9	IN	SKT6 connected to AIN4/D0.
LK10	IN	SKT3 connected to AIN1.
LK11	IN	SKT4 connected to AIN2.

## EVALUATION BOARD INTERFACING

Interfacing to the evaluation board is either via a 9-way D-Type connector, SKT1, or a 36-way Centronics connector, SKT2. The pinout for the SKT1 connector is given in Figure 1 and its corresponding pin designations are given in Table II. The pinout for this SKT2 connector is shown in Figure 2 and its pin designations are given in Table III. The evaluation board should be powered up before a cable is connected to either of the connectors.

SKT2 is used to connect the evaluation board to the printer port (parallel port) of a PC. Connection between the two is direct via a standard parallel printer port cable. SKT1 is used to connect the evaluation board to any other system.

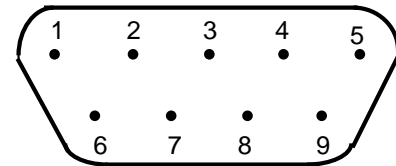


Figure 2. SKT1 Pin Configuration

**Table II. SKT1 Pin Designations<sup>1</sup>**

1	SCLK	Serial Clock. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the SCLK pin of the AD7731.
2	$\overline{\text{RDY}}$	Logic Output. This is a buffered version of the signal on the AD7731's $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ pin.
3	$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Chip Select. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin of the AD7731.
4	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Reset Input. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin of the AD7731.
5	DIN	Serial Data Input. Data applied to this pin is buffered before being applied to the AD7731's DIN pin.
6	DGND	Ground reference point for digital circuitry. Connects to the DGND plane on the evaluation board.
7	DOUT	Serial Data Output. This is a buffered version of the signal on the AD7731's DOUT pin.
8	DV <sub>DD</sub>	Digital Supply Voltage. The DV <sub>DD</sub> voltage for the evaluation board can be supplied via this pin provided no voltage is applied to the main DV <sub>DD</sub> terminal.
9	NC	No Connect. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the SYNC pin of the AD7731.

### NOTE

<sup>1</sup>An explanation of the AD7731 functions mentioned here is given in Table III as part of the SKT2 pin designations description.

# EVAL-AD7731EB

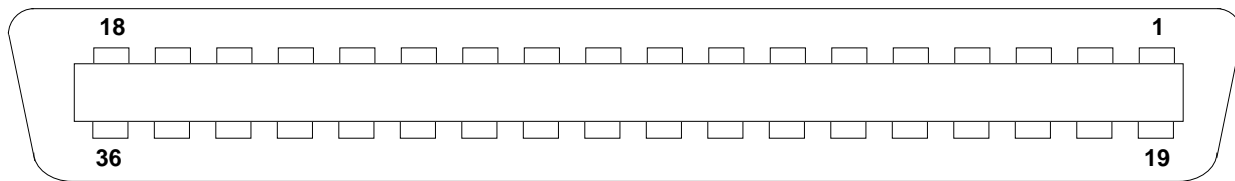


Figure 3. SKT2 Pin Configuration

Table III. SKT2 Pin Designations

1	NC	No Connect. This pin is not connected on the evaluation board.
2	DIN	Serial Data Input. Data applied to this pin is buffered before being applied to the AD7731's DIN pin. The serial data applied to the DIN pin is written to the input shift register on the part. Data from this input shift register is transferred to one of the on-chip registers depending on the register selection bits of the Communications Register.
3	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Reset Input. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin of the AD7731. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is an active low input which resets the control logic, interface logic, calibration coefficients, digital filter and all on-chip registers to power-on status.
4	$\overline{\text{CS}}$	Chip Select. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin of the AD7731. $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is an active low logic input used to select the AD7731. With this input hard-wired low, the AD7731 operates in its three-wire interface mode with SCLK, DIN and DOUT used to interface to the device. $\overline{\text{CS}}$ can be used to select the device in systems with more than one device on the serial bus or as a frame synchronisation signal in communicating with the AD7731.
5	SCLK	Serial Clock. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the SCLK pin of the AD7731. An external serial clock is applied to this input to access serial data from the AD7731. This serial clock can be a continuous clock with all data transmitted in a continuous train of pulses. Alternatively, it can be a non-continuous clock with the information being transmitted to the AD7731 in smaller batches of data.
6	$\overline{\text{SYNC}}$	Logic Input. The signal on this pin is buffered before being applied to the $\overline{\text{SYNC}}$ pin of the AD7731. The $\overline{\text{SYNC}}$ input allows for synchronisation of the digital filters and analog modulators across a number of AD7731s. While $\overline{\text{SYNC}}$ is low, the nodes of the digital filter, the filter control logic, and the calibration control logic are reset and the analog modulator is also held in its reset state.
7-8	NC	No Connect. These pins are not connected on the evaluation board.
9	DV <sub>DD</sub>	Digital Supply Voltage. This provides the supply voltage for IC4, the buffer chip which buffers the output signals from the AD7731 before they are applied to SKT2.
10	$\overline{\text{RDY}}$	Logic output. This is a buffered version of the signal on the AD7731's $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ pin. $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ is used as a status output in both conversion and calibration mode. In conversion mode, a logic low on the $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ output indicates that a new output word is available from the AD7731 data register. The $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ pin will return high upon completion of a read operation of a full output word. If no data read has taken place after an output update, the $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ line will return high prior to the next output update, remain high while the update is taking place and return low again. This gives an indication of when a read operation should not be initiated to avoid reading from the data register as it is being updated. In calibration mode, $\overline{\text{RDY}}$ goes high when calibration is initiated and returns low to indicate that calibration is complete.
11-12	NC	No Connect. These pins are not connected on the evaluation board.
13	DOUT	Serial Data Output. This is a buffered version of the signal on the AD7731's DOUT pin. Serial data from the output shift register on the part is clocked out on this pin. This output shift register contains information from one of the nine on-chip registers depending on the register selection bits of the Communications Register.
14-18	NC	No Connect. These pins are not connected on the evaluation board.
19-30	DGND	Ground reference point for digital circuitry. Connects to the DGND plane on the evaluation board.
31-36	NC	No Connect. These pins are not connected on the evaluation board.

**SOCKETS**

There are eleven sockets on the AD7731 evaluation board. The function of these sockets is outlined in Table IV.

**Table IV. Socket Functions**

<b>Socket</b>	<b>Function</b>
SKT1	9-Way D-Type Connector which can be used for digital interfacing to the evaluation board.
SKT2	36-Way Centronics Connector which can be used for digital interfacing to the evaluation board. This connector should be used when connecting the board to the parallel printer port of the PC to use the evaluation software.
SKT3	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. The analog input signal for the AIN1 input of the AD7731 is applied to this socket.
SKT4	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. The analog input signal for the AIN2 input of the AD7731 is applied to this socket.
SKT5	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. Connects to the AIN3/D1 pin of the AD7731.
SKT6	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. Connects to the AIN4/D0 pin of the AD7731.
SKT7	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. Connects to the AIN5 pin of the AD7731.
SKT8	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. Connects to the AIN6 pin of the AD7731.
SKT9	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. The reference voltage for the REF IN(+) input of the AD7731 is applied to this socket when the board is configured for an externally-applied reference voltage.
SKT10	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. The reference voltage for the REF IN(-) input of the AD7731 is applied to this socket when the board is configured for an externally-applied reference voltage.
SKT11	Sub-Minature BNC (SMB) Connector. The master clock signal for the MCLK IN input of the AD7731 is applied to this socket when the board is configured for an externally-applied master clock.

**RUNNING THE AD7731 INTERFACE SOFTWARE**

Included in the evaluation board package is a PC-compatible disk which contains software for controlling and evaluating the performance of the AD7731 using the printer port of a PC. There are a total of thirteen files on the distribution disk.

To use the software, the user must have an IBM-compatible PC and Windows 3.1 must be installed. Start Windows and, using either the RUN command or the File Manager, start the program called SETUP.EXE on the distribution disk. This automatically installs the application and sets up a window called ANALOG DEVICES. The application ICON is found here. To start the application, double click on the ICON.

When the program starts, the user is asked to select a printer port. The correct selection depends on what type of computer is being used (Desktop, Laptop etc). LPT1 works for most machines. When using a Compaq laptop, select PRN. A different port can be selected at any time from the MAIN MENU.

After selecting the printer port, the program displays the Main Menu as outlined in Figure 4. There are a number of buttons on the Main Menu which select a variety of different functions. These are described below.

**Program AD7731**

Pressing this button calls up a second screen which displays the contents of the Status Register and provides another set of buttons allowing the user to program the on-chip registers. Figure 5 shows the "Program AD7731" screen. Pressing any of the buttons on this screen pulls up a further screen allowing all functions in a register to be programmed. Figure 6 gives an example of one of these screens (the screen for programming the Mode Register).

**Read Data**

The Read Data button allows the user access to the "read data" screen. On this screen, the user can choose whether the reading of data is for noise analysis or simply for display. It also allows the user to choose how many outputs of the AD7731 should be read for the noise analysis routines.

**Noise Analysis**

The Noise Analysis button gives the user access to the "noise analysis" screen. Here the user can look at the results of a data read in terms of rms code distribution, code spread etc. The user also has the facility to plot the data versus time and plot histogram results.

**Reset AD7731**

Pressing this button allows the user access to the reset menu where either a hardware reset (via the RESET pin) or an software reset (via writing 32 1's) can be selected. The user also has a hardware reset button on the board.

# EVAL-AD7731EB

## Read from File

Pressing this button allows the user to read data from a file for noise analysis. The data to be read can either be in decimal or hexadecimal format.

## Write to File

This button allows the user to store of output data from the AD7731 to a file in either decimal or hexadecimal format. This data can be used in other programs or can subsequently be read back to the AD7731 software.

## Select Printer Port

This button allows the user to select the printer port to which the AD7731 evaluation is connected.

## About

This provides details of the software revision.

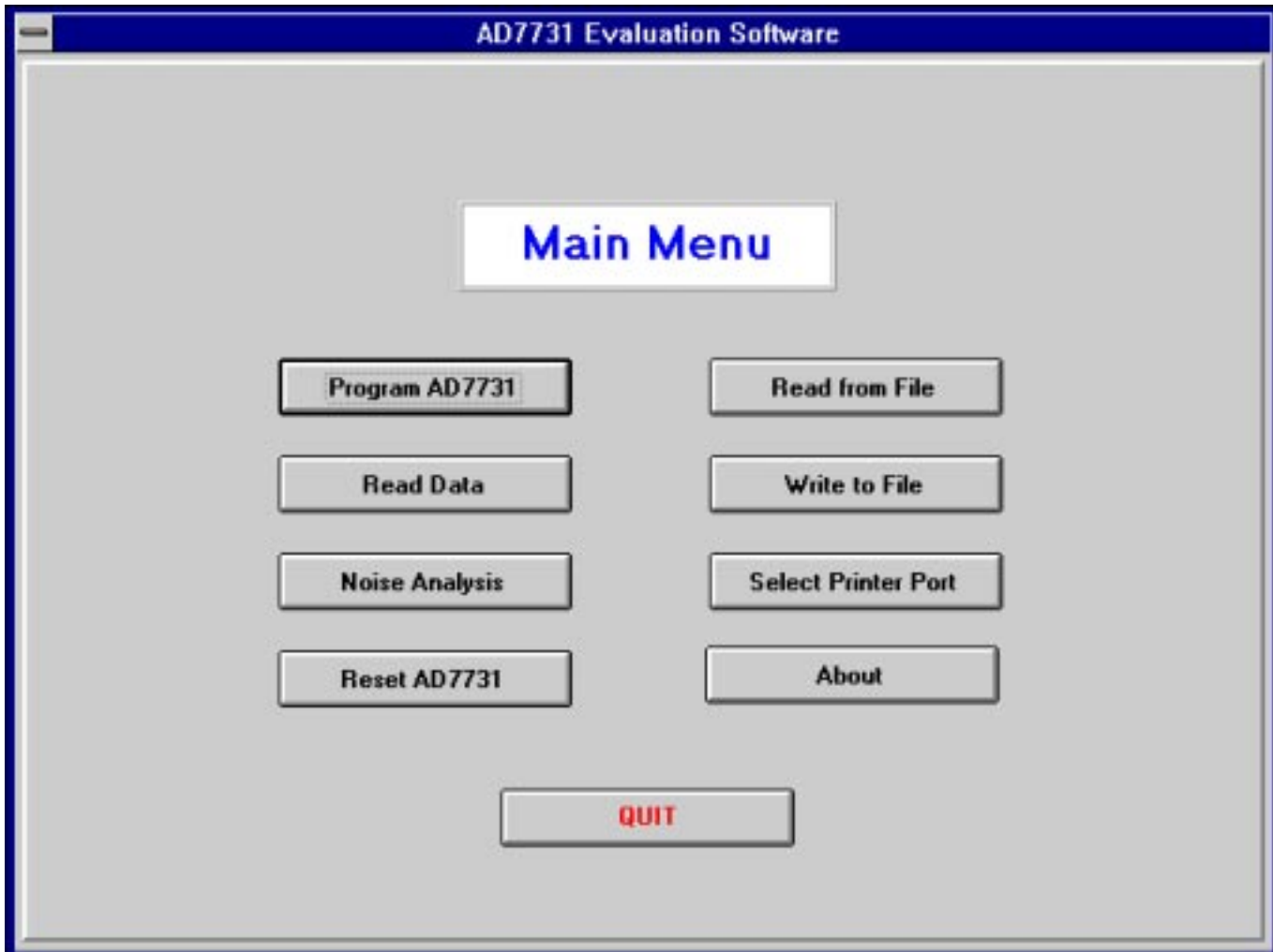


Figure 4. Main Screen

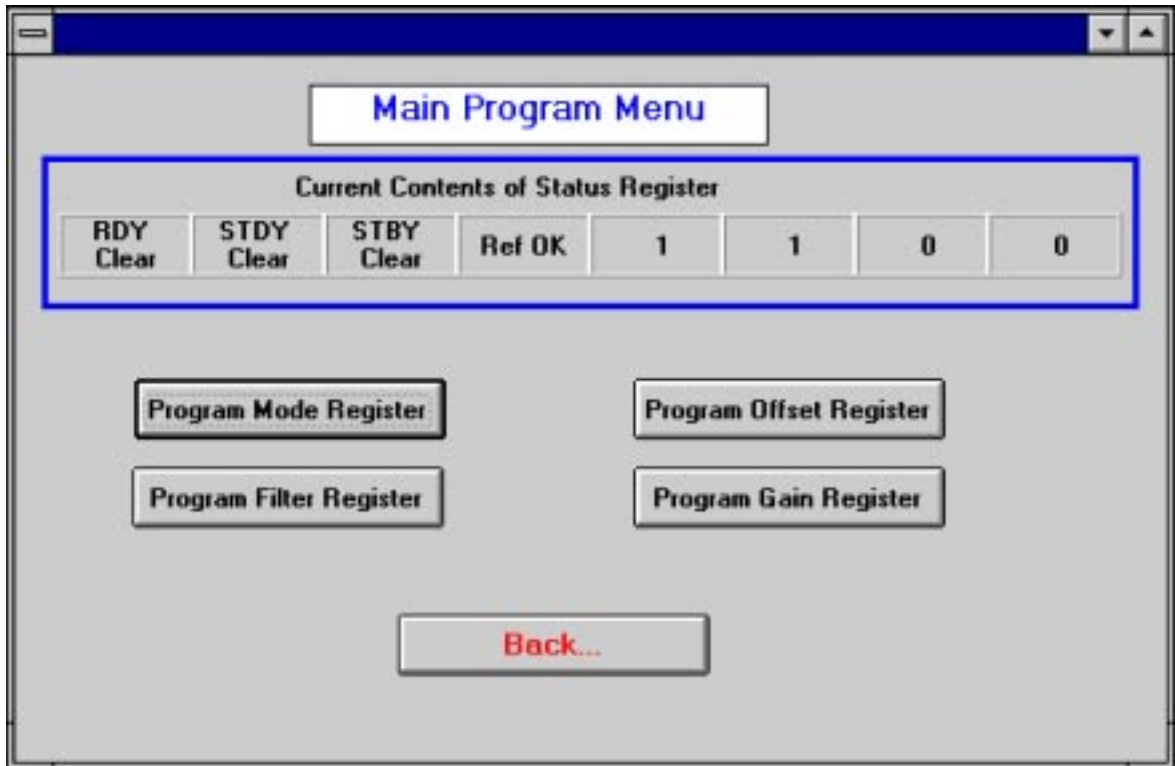


Figure 5. Program Screen

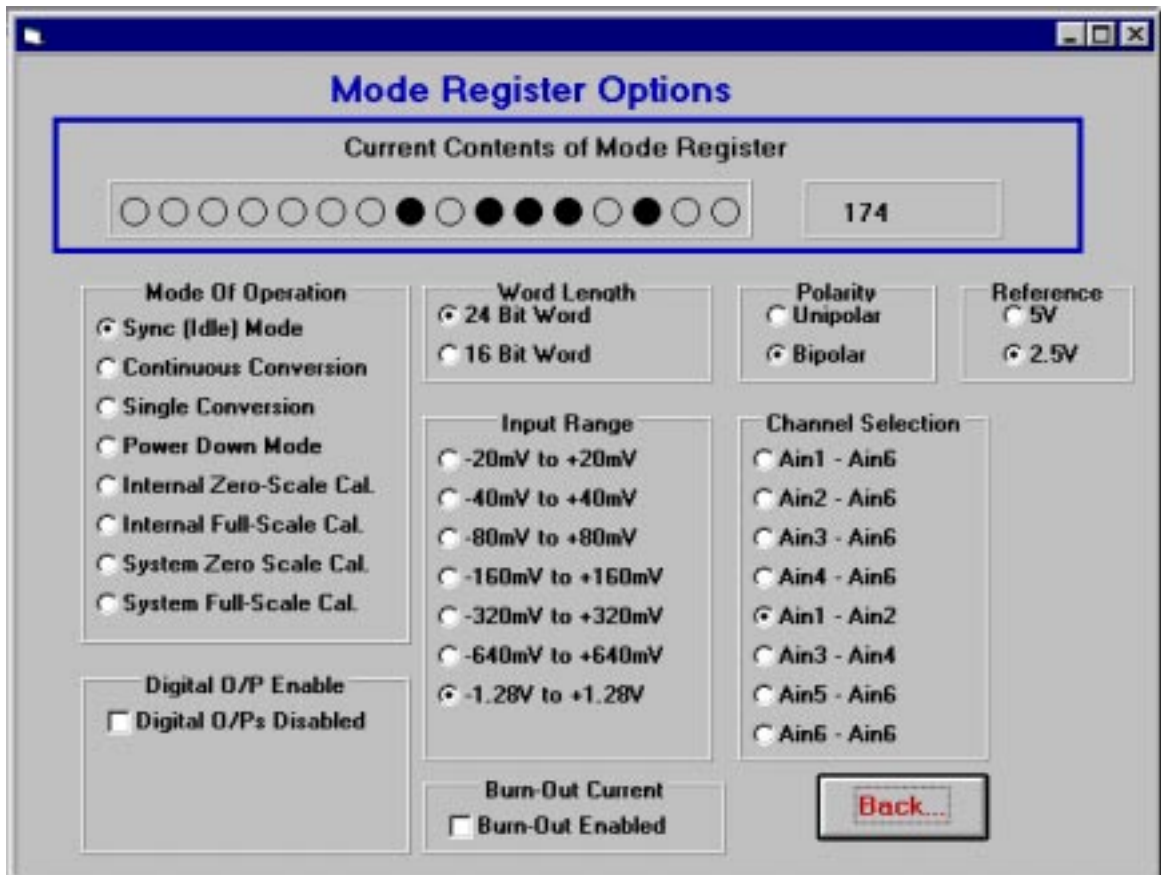


Figure 6. Mode Register Screen

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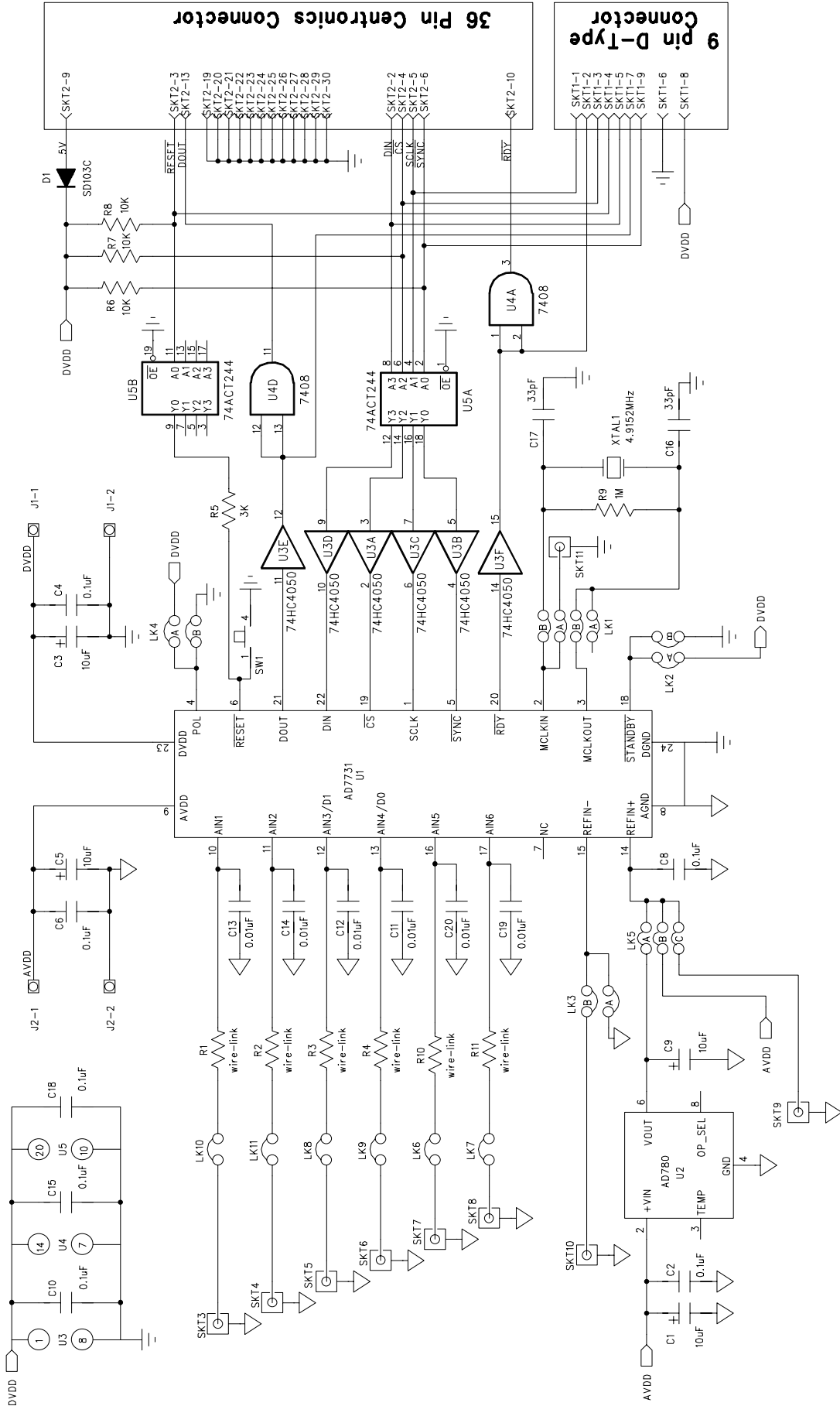


Figure 7. Evaluation Board Circuit Diagram



*Component Listing and Manufacturers*

**INTERGRATED CIRCUITS**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Vendor</b>
AD7731BN	U1	Analog Devices
AD780AN	U2	Analog Devices
74HC4050N	U3	Philips
74C08N	U4	Texas Instruments
74HC244N	U5	Texas Instruments
SD103C	D1	Farnell

**CAPACITORS**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Vendor</b>
10µF ± 20% Tantalum (16 V)	C1 C3 C5 C9	AVX- Kyocera Mftrs No TAG106MO16
0.1µF Ceramic(X7R ±20%)	C2 C4 C6 C8 C10 C15 C18	Philips Mftrs No. CW20C 104M
0.01µF NP0	C11 C12 C13 C14 C19 C20	AVX-Kyocera Mftrs No. SR20X7R
33pF ±2% Ceramic	C16 C17	Philips Mftrs No. 683 34339

**RESISTORS**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Vendor</b>
Short Circuits	R1 R2 R3 R4 R10 R11	-----
3kΩ ±5% 0.25W Carbon Film Resistor	R5	Bourns 3kΩ ±5% 0.25W
10kΩ ±5% 0.25W Carbon Film Resistor	R6 R7 R8	Bourns
1MΩ±5% 0.25W Carbon Film Resistor	R9	Bourns

**LINK OPTIONS**

<b>Component</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Vendor</b>
Pin Headers	Lk1 (4x2 way) Lk2, Lk3,Lk4 (2x2 way) Lk5 (3x2 way) Lk6,Lk7,Lk8,Lk9,Lk10,Lk11 (1x2 way)	Harwin Mftrs No. M20-9993606
Shorting Plugs	Pin Headers (12 required)	Harwin Mftrs No. M7571-05

# EVAL-AD7731EB

## SWITCH

### Component

Sealed Push Button Switch

### Location

SW1

### Vendor

Omron  
Mftrs No. B3W1000

## SOCKETS

### Component

Miniature BNC Connectors

### Location

SKT3 - SKT11

### Vendor

M/A - Com Greenpar  
Mftrs No. B65N07G999X99

9-Way D-Type Connector

SKT1

McMurdo  
Mftrs No. SDE9PNTD

36 Way Centronics Connector

SKT 2

Fujitsu  
Mftrs No. FCN785J036G0

2 Way Terminal Block

J1 J2

Bulgin RIA

Low profile socket

U1 - U5  
(82 pins needed)

Harwin  
Farnell No. 519-959

## CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR

### Component Identification

4.9152 MHz Oscillator

### Location

XTAL1

### Vendor

IQD  
Mftrs No. A127A

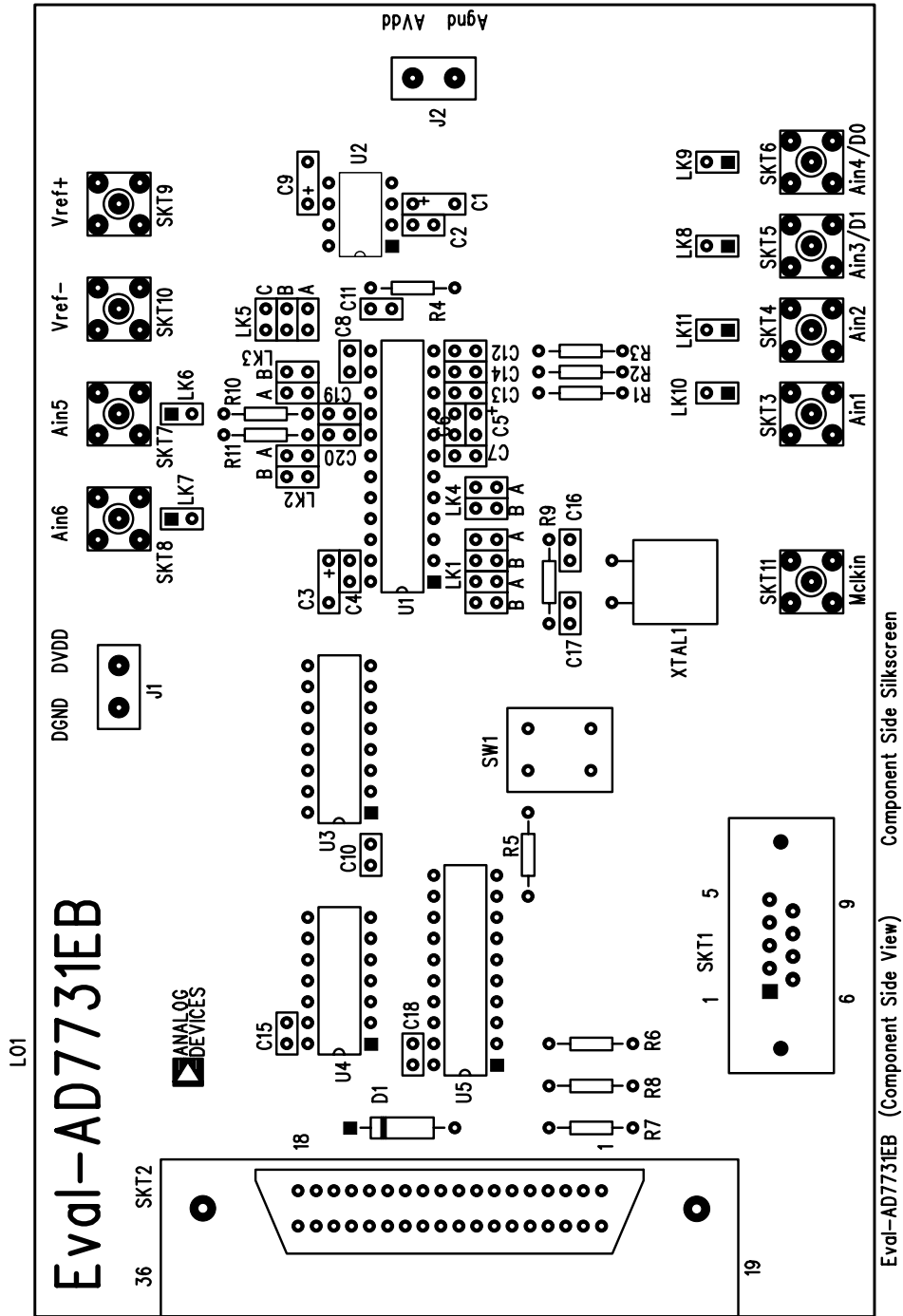


Figure 8. Component Placement Diagram.