



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AON6812

AlphaMOS 30V Common Drain N-Channel

General Description

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (αMOS LV) technology
- Very Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ at 4.5V V_{GS}
- Low Gate Charge
- ESD protection
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant
- Common Drain

Application

- Battery Management

Product Summary

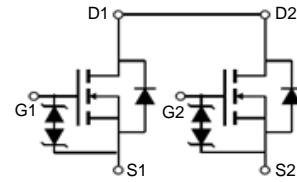
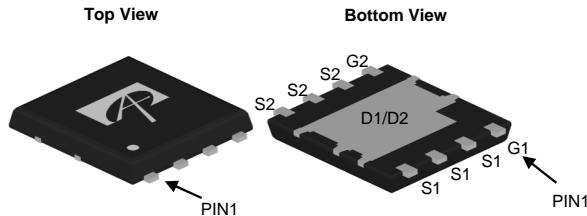
V_{DS}	30V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	28A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 4mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$)	< 6mΩ

Typical ESD protection HBM Class 3A

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



DFN5X6B



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	28	A
$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$		22	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	112	
Continuous Drain Current	I_{DSM}	27	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		21	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}	40	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.05\text{mH}$ ^C	E_{AS}	40	mJ
V_{DS} Spike	V_{SPIKE}	36	V
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	31	W
$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$		12.5	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	4.1	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		2.6	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{θJA}$	24	30	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^D		53	64	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{θJC}$	3	4	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{I}_D=250\mu\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			1 5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm16\text{V}$			±10	μA
$\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.4	1.8	2.2	V
$\text{R}_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{I}_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	3.3	4		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_D=20\text{A}$	4.5	5.4		$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, \text{I}_D=20\text{A}$	4.8	6		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$\text{I}_S=1\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	0.7	1		V
I_{S}	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G				28	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$		1720		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			746		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			61		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$	2.6	5.2	7.8	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$\text{Q}_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{I}_D=20\text{A}$		24	34	nC
$\text{Q}_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			11	20	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			5.9		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			3.2		nC
$t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{R}_L=0.75\Omega, \text{R}_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		5.8		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			3.5		ns
$t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			57.5		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			70		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$\text{I}_F=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$\text{I}_F=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		30		nC

A. The value of R_{DSM} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{\text{DSM}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{DSM} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{IJC} and case to ambient.

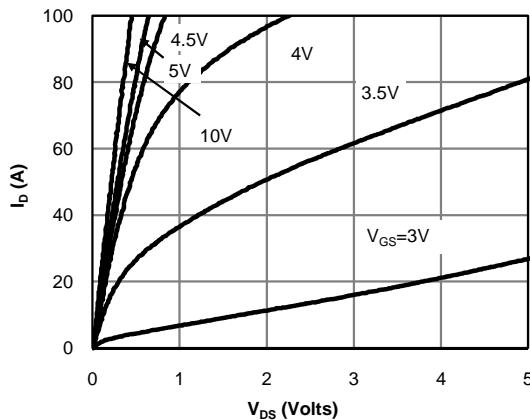
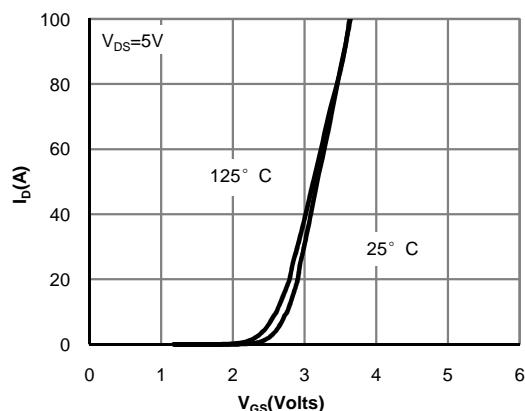
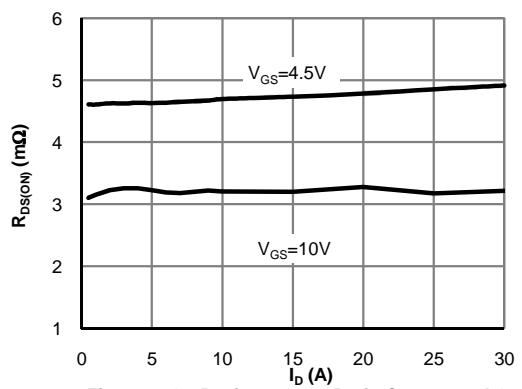
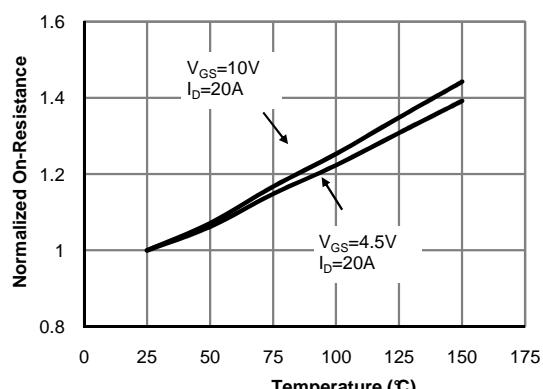
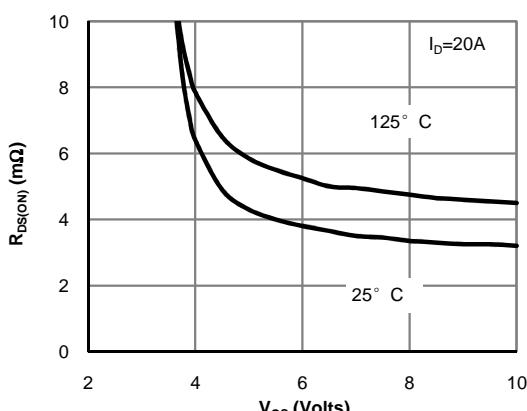
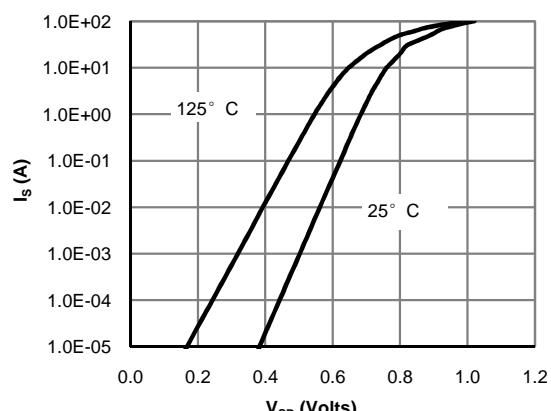
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

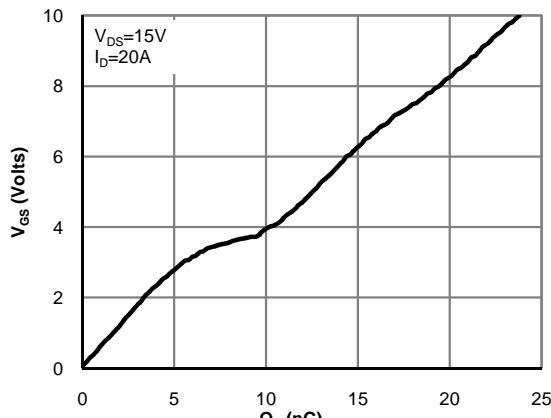
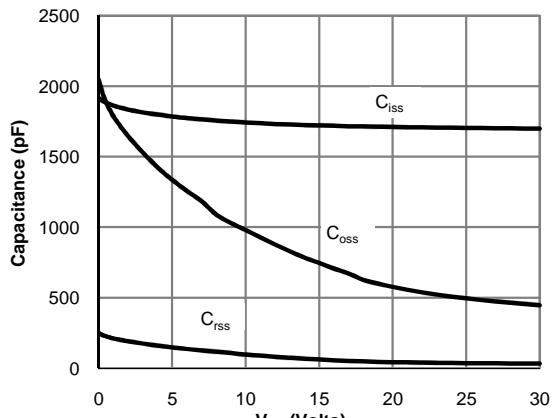
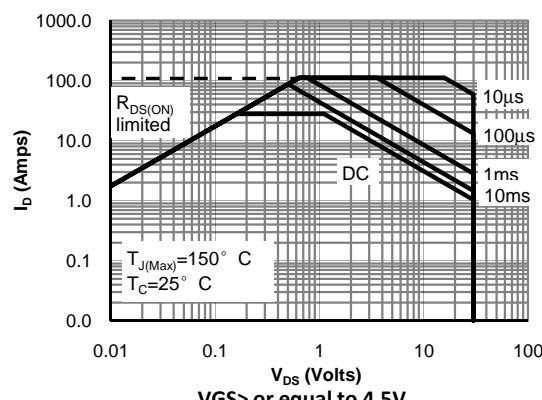
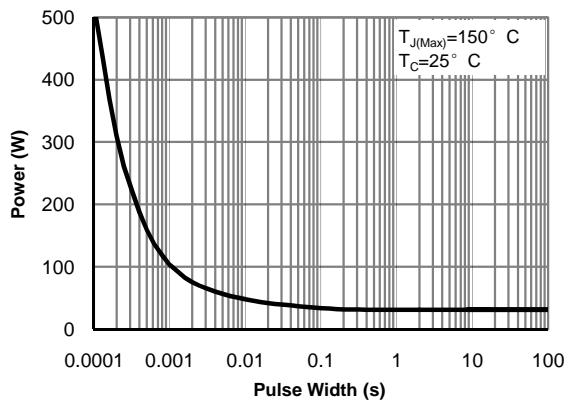
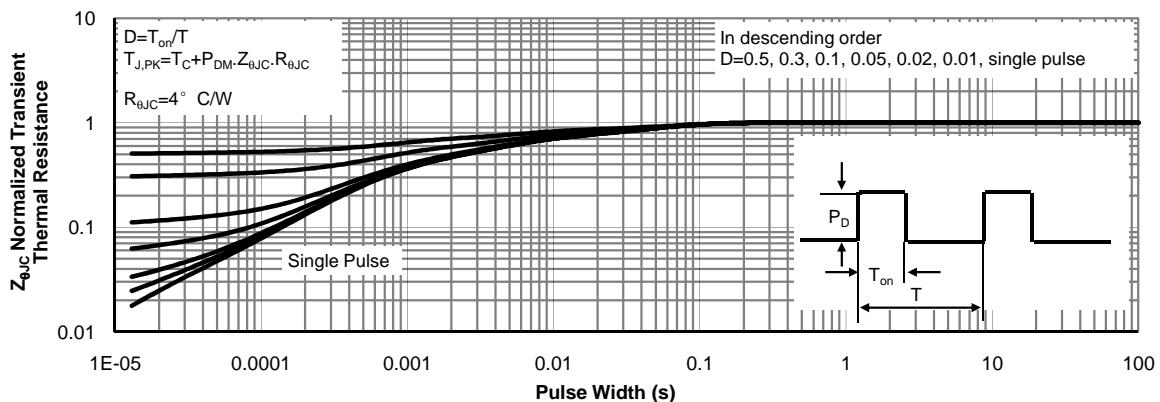
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

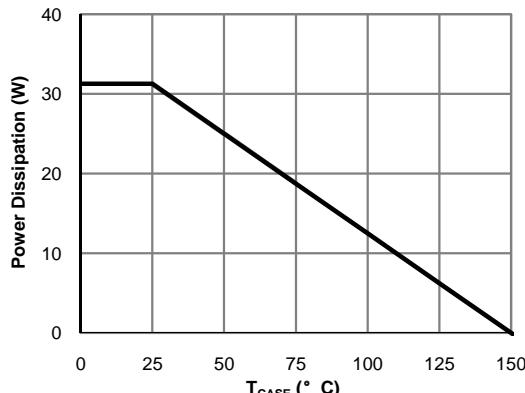
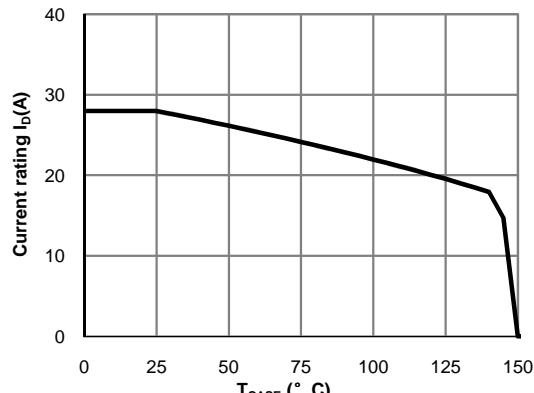
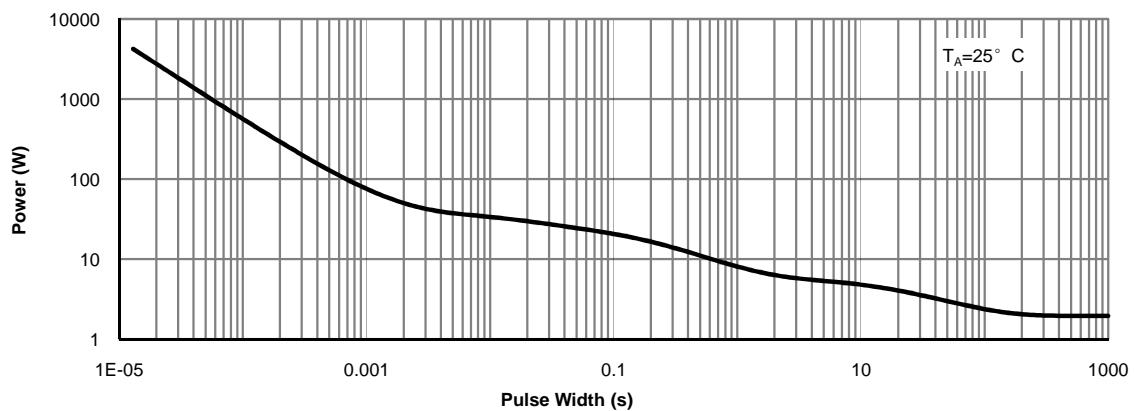
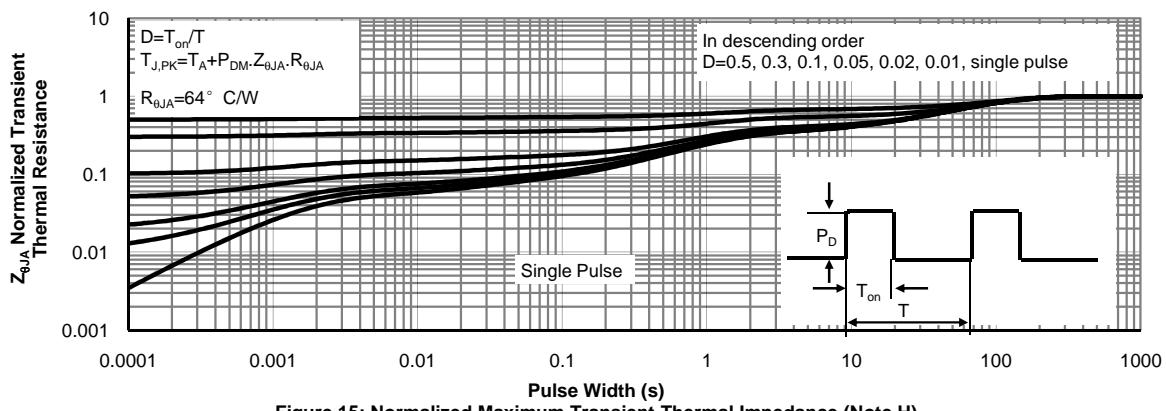
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

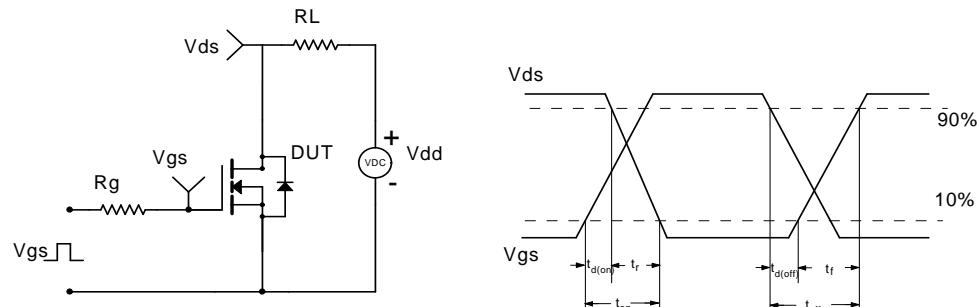
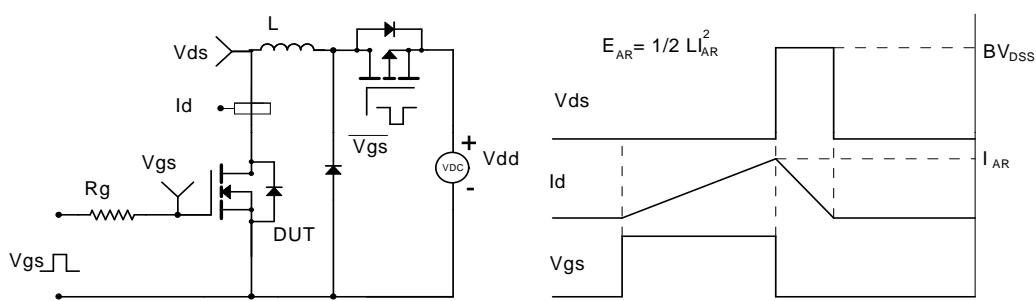
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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power Derating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current Derating (Note F)

Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
