

preliminary

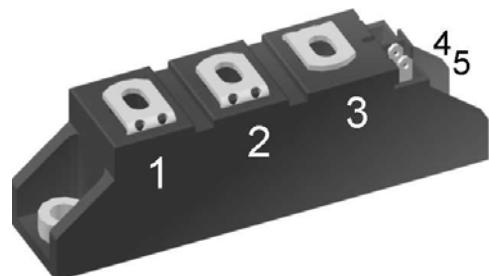
# Thyristor Module

 $V_{RRM} = 2 \times 1200V$  $I_{TAV} = 85A$  $V_T = 1.18V$ 

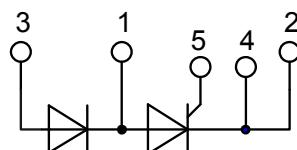
## Phase leg

**Part number**

MCMA85PD1200TB



Backside: isolated

**Features / Advantages:**

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-ceramic

**Applications:**

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

**Package:** TO-240AA

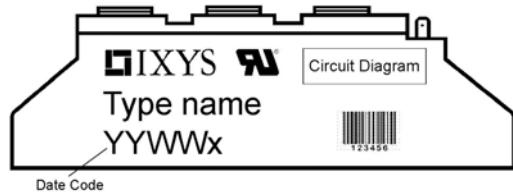
- Isolation Voltage: 4800 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

## Thyristor

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1200	V
$I_{RD}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{RD} = 1200 \text{ V}$ $V_{RD} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		100 10	$\mu A$ mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 85 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1.21	V
		$I_T = 170 \text{ A}$			1.47	V
		$I_T = 85 \text{ A}$ $I_T = 170 \text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.18 1.51	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 85^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		85	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			135	A
$V_{TO}$	threshold voltage	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$			0.85	V
$r_T$	slope resistance } for power loss calculation only				3.9	$m\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.38	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.20		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^\circ C$			300	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		1.50	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		1.62	kA
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1.28	kA
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		1.38	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		11.3	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		10.9	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		8.13	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}$		7.87	$\text{kA}^2\text{s}$
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	74		pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^\circ C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$	repetitive, $I_T = 255 \text{ A}$		150	$\text{A}/\mu s$
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s;$				
		$I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 85 \text{ A}$		500	$\text{A}/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		1000	$\text{V}/\mu s$
		$R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1.5	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1.6	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		95	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		200	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
		$I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	$\mu s$
		$I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu s$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}; I_T = 85 \text{ A}; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$	150		$\mu s$
		$di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu s; dv/dt = 20 \text{ V}/\mu s; t_p = 200 \mu s$				

## Package TO-240AA

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			200	A
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C
<b>Weight</b>				90		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		2.5		4	Nm
$M_T$	terminal torque		2.5		4	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7		mm
$d_{Spb/Abp}$		terminal to backside	16.0	16.0		mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second t = 1 minute 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	4800 4000			V V



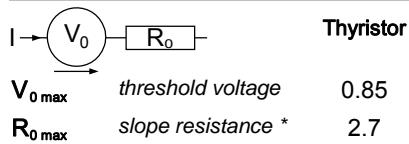
## Part number

M = Module  
 C = Thyristor (SCR)  
 M = Thyristor  
 A = (up to 1800V)  
 85 = Current Rating [A]  
 PD = Phase leg  
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 TB = TO-240AA-1B

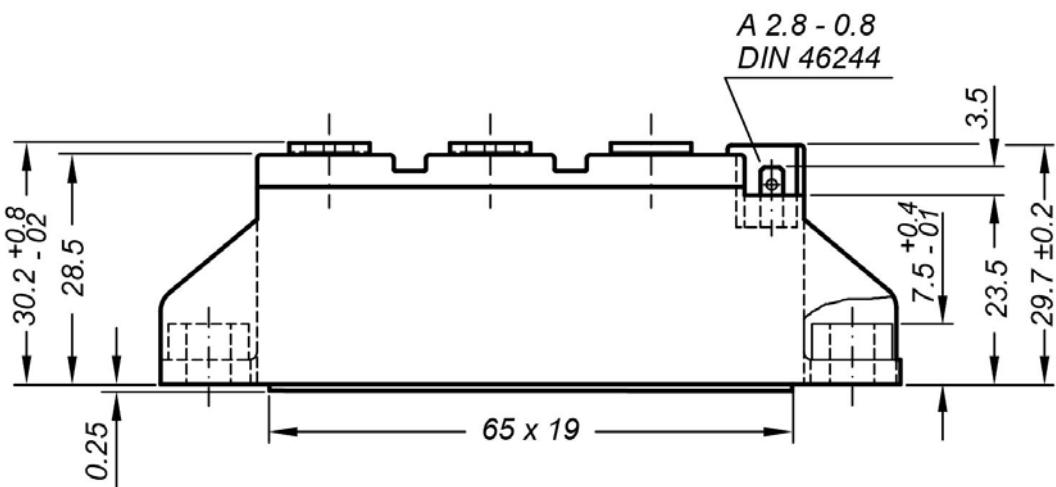
Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCMA85PD1200TB	MCMA85PD1200TB	Box	6	513043

## Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

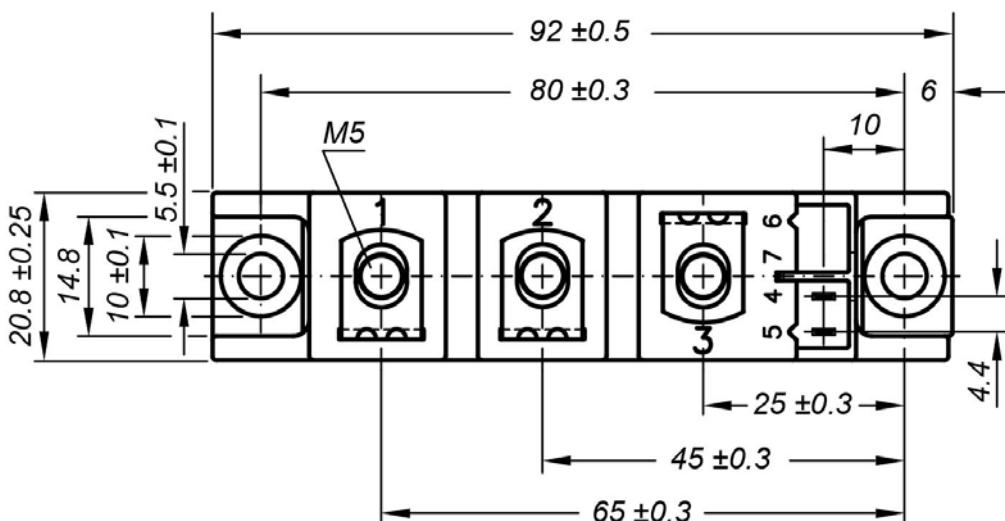
\* on die level

 $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ\text{C}$ 

## Outlines TO-240AA



General tolerance: DIN ISO 2768 class „c“



Optional accessories: Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs

Wire length: 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red

UL 758, style 3751

Type **ZY 200L** (L = Left for pin pair 4/5)

