

Standard Rectifier Module

$$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 1800 \text{ V}$$

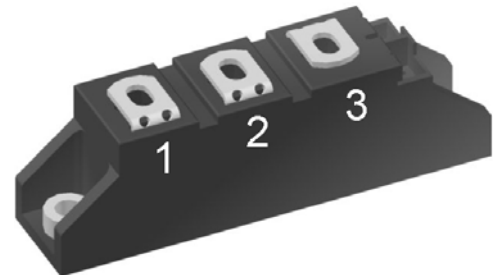
$$I_{FAV} = 59 \text{ A}$$

$$V_F = 1.26 \text{ V}$$

Phase leg

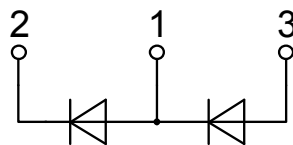
Part number

MDD44-18N1B



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

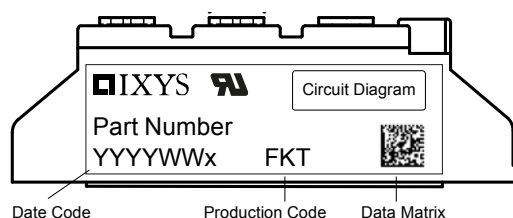
- Diode for main rectification
- For single and three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1900	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1800	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			100	μA
		$V_R = 1800\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			10	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.30	V
		$I_F = 200\text{ A}$				1.60	V
		$I_F = 100\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.26	V
		$I_F = 200\text{ A}$				1.67	V
I_{FAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			59	A
$I_{F(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine				100	A
V_{FO}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.80	V
r_F	slope resistance					4.3	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.59	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.20		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			212	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms; (50 Hz), sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.15	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms; (60 Hz), sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.24	kA
		$t = 10\text{ ms; (50 Hz), sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			980	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms; (60 Hz), sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.06	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms; (50 Hz), sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			6.62	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms; (60 Hz), sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			6.40	kA ² s
		$t = 10\text{ ms; (50 Hz), sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			4.80	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms; (60 Hz), sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			4.63	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V; } f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		27		pF

Package TO-240AA				Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
I _{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal				200	A	
T _{stg}	storage temperature			-40		125	°C	
T _{VJ}	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C	
Weight					90		g	
M _D	mounting torque			2.5		4	Nm	
M _T	terminal torque			2.5		4	Nm	
d _{Spp/App}	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7			mm	
d _{Spb/Appb}		terminal to backside	16.0	16.0			mm	
V _{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; I _{ISOL} ≤ 1 mA		3600			V
		t = 1 minute			3000			V

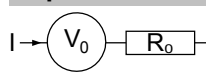


Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MDD44-18N1B	MDD44-18N1B	Box	6	454397

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

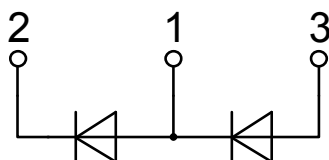
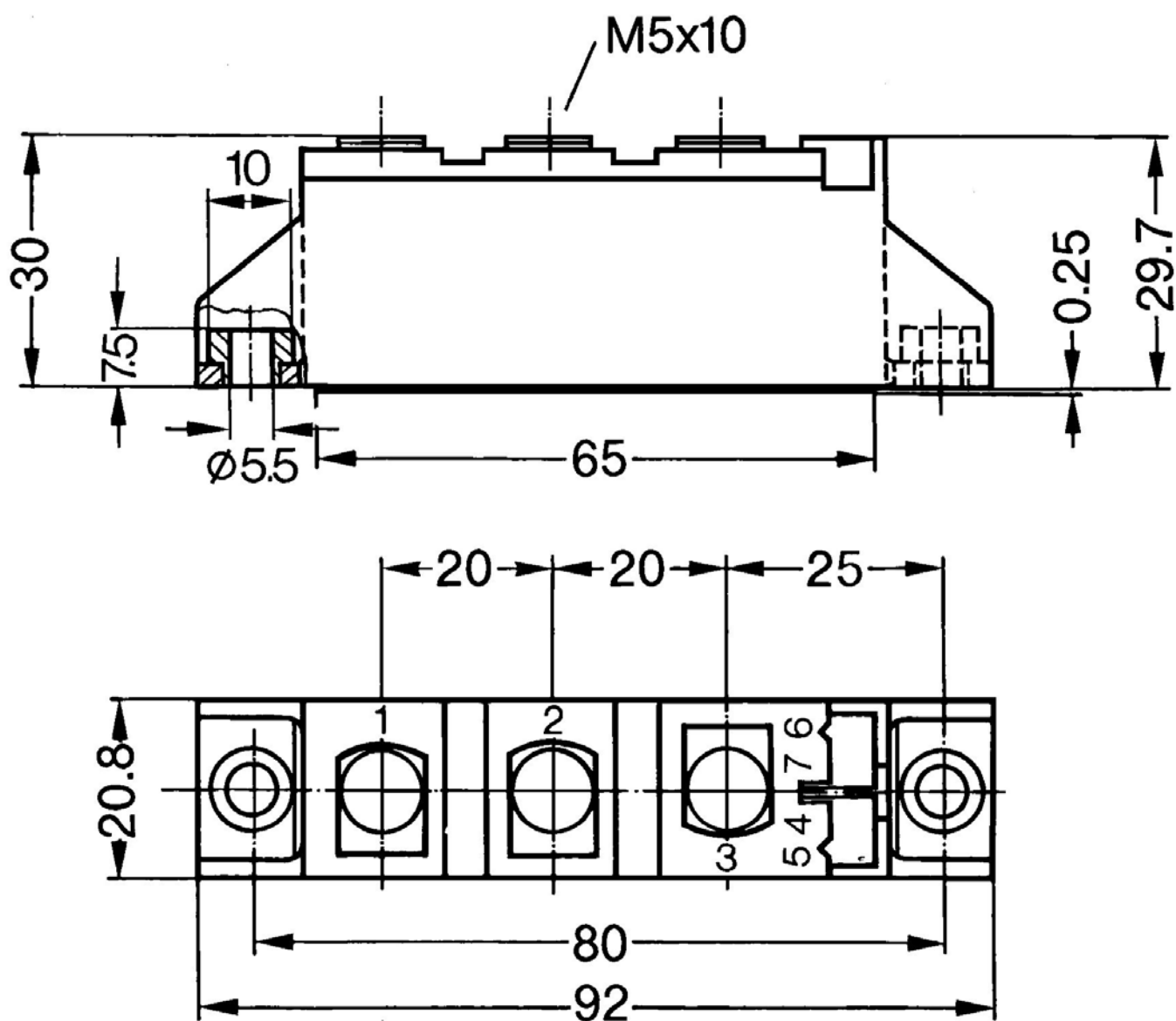
* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$



Rectifier

$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.8	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	3.1	mΩ



Rectifier

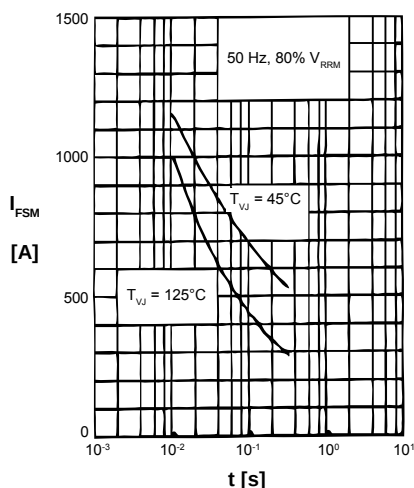


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} , I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

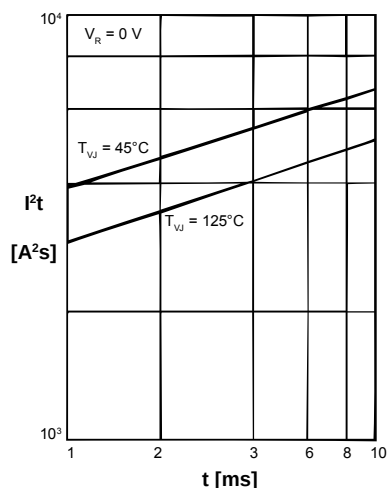


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

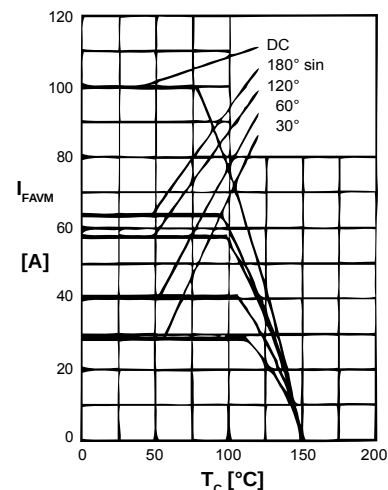


Fig. 3 Maximum forward current at case temperature

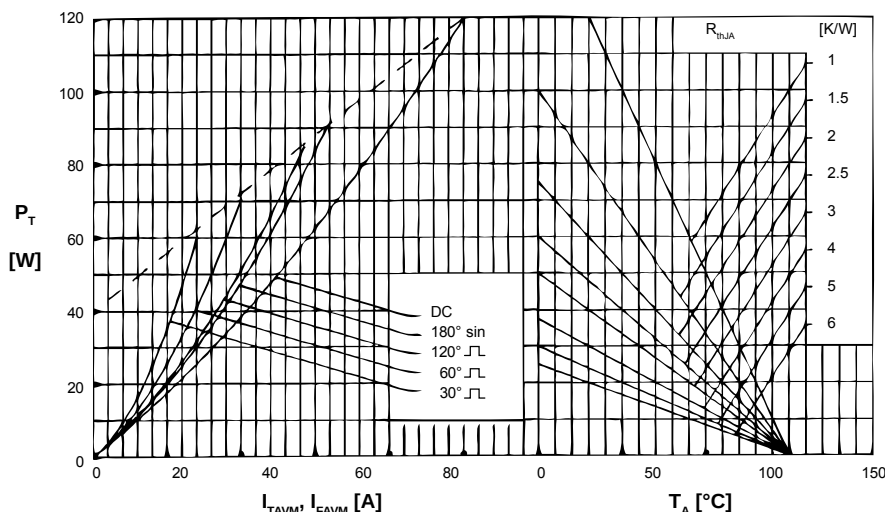


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. onstate current and ambient temperature (per diode)

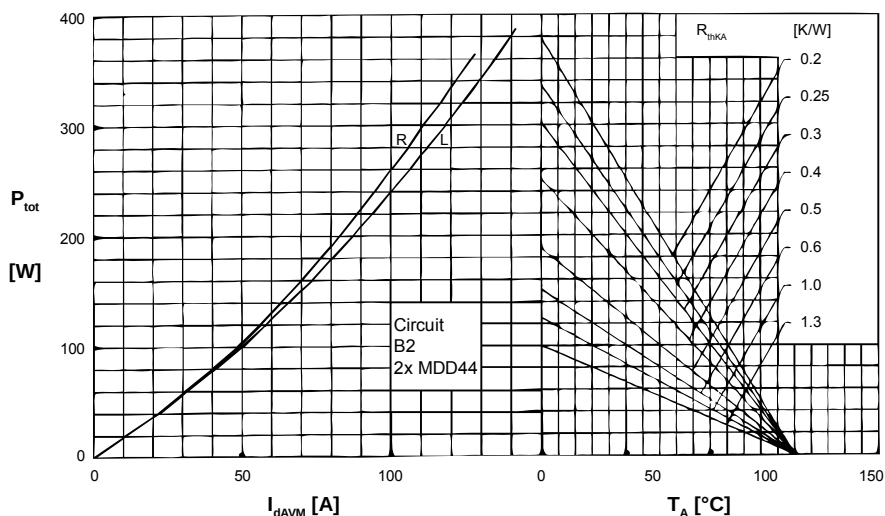


Fig. 6 Single phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature; R = resistive load, L = inductive load

Rectifier

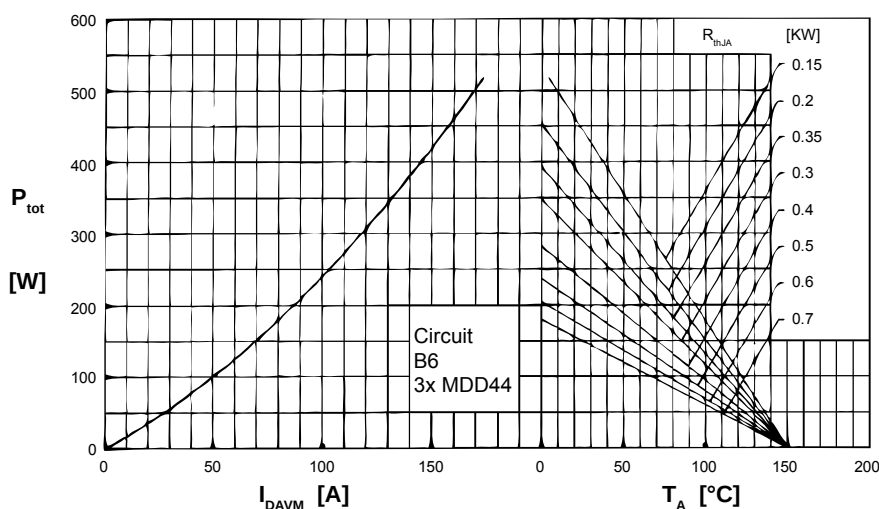


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

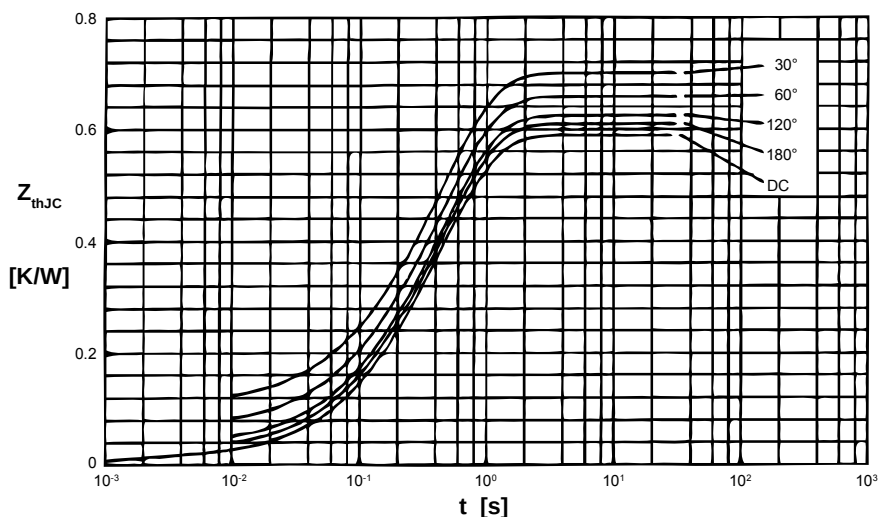


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} [K/W]
DC	0.59
180°	0.61
120°	0.63
60°	0.66
30°	0.70

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.012	0.0012
2	0.045	0.0950
3	0.533	0.4550

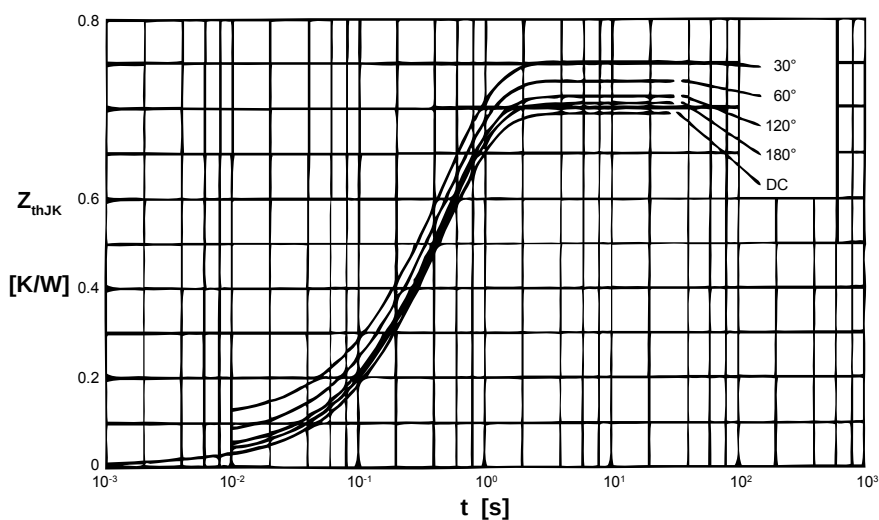


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} [K/W]
DC	0.79
180°	0.81
120°	0.83
60°	0.86
30°	0.90

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} [K/W]	t_i [s]
1	0.012	0.0012
2	0.045	0.0950
3	0.533	0.4550
4	0.200	0.4950