

# XPT IGBT Module

preliminary

$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

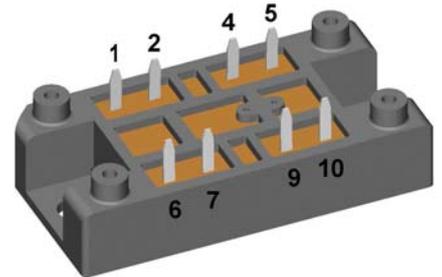
$$I_{C25} = 220A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} = 1.8V$$

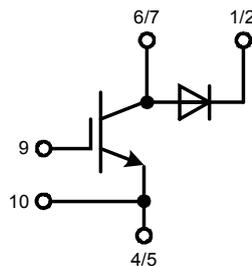
Boost Chopper

Part number

**MIXA150R1200VA**



Backside: isolated



### Features / Advantages:

- Easy paralleling due to the positive temperature coefficient of the on-state voltage
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
  - short circuit rated for 10  $\mu$ sec.
  - very low gate charge
  - low EMI
  - square RBSOA @ 3x  $I_c$
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- SONIC™ diode
  - fast and soft reverse recovery
  - low operating forward voltage

### Applications:

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Inductive heating, cookers
- Pumps, Fans

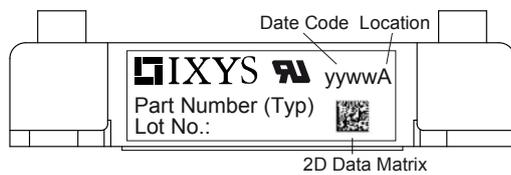
### Package: V1-A-Pack

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 17 mm
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

IGBT				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
$V_{CES}$	collector emitter voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1200	V	
$V_{GES}$	max. DC gate voltage				$\pm 20$	V	
$V_{GEM}$	max. transient gate emitter voltage				$\pm 30$	V	
$I_{C25}$	collector current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			220	A	
$I_{C80}$		$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$			150	A	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			695	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 150\text{A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$		1.8	2.1	V	
				2.1		V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 6\text{mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V	
$I_{CES}$	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$			0.5	mA	
				1		mA	
$I_{GES}$	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; I_C = 150\text{A}$		470		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}; I_C = 150\text{A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{V}; R_G = 4.7\ \Omega$		70		ns	
$t_r$	current rise time		$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time		250		ns		
$t_f$	current fall time		100		ns		
$E_{on}$	turn-on energy per pulse		14		mJ		
$E_{off}$	turn-off energy per pulse		16		mJ		
<b>RBSOA</b>	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{V}; R_G = 4.7\ \Omega$					
$I_{CM}$		$V_{CEmax} = 1200\text{V}$			450	A	
<b>SCSOA</b>	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CEmax} = 1200\text{V}$					
$t_{sc}$	short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 900\text{V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{V}$			10	$\mu\text{s}$	
$I_{sc}$	short circuit current	$R_G = 4.7\ \Omega; \text{non-repetitive}$		600		A	
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.18	K/W	
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.20		K/W	
<b>Diode</b>							
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1200	V	
$I_{F25}$	forward current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			190	A	
$I_{F80}$		$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$			130	A	
$V_F$	forward voltage	$I_F = 150\text{A}$			2.20	V	
				1.95		V	
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			0.3	mA	
				0.8		mA	
$Q_{rr}$	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600\text{V}$ $-di_F/dt = 2500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_F = 150\text{A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$		20		$\mu\text{C}$	
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current		$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	175		A	
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time		350		ns		
$E_{rec}$	reverse recovery energy		10		mJ		
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.28	K/W	
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.20		K/W	

preliminary

Package V1-A-Pack		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			100	A
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				37		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		2		2.5	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	12.0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3600			V
		t = 1 minute	3000			V



### Part number

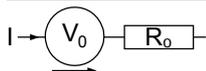
- M = Module
- I = IGBT
- X = XPT IGBT
- A = Gen 1 / std
- 150 = Current Rating [A]
- R = Boost Chopper
- 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- VA = V1-A-Pack

Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MIXA150R1200VA	MIXA150R1200VA	Box	10	511595

### Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

\* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

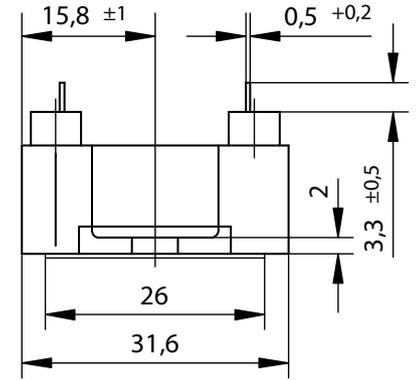
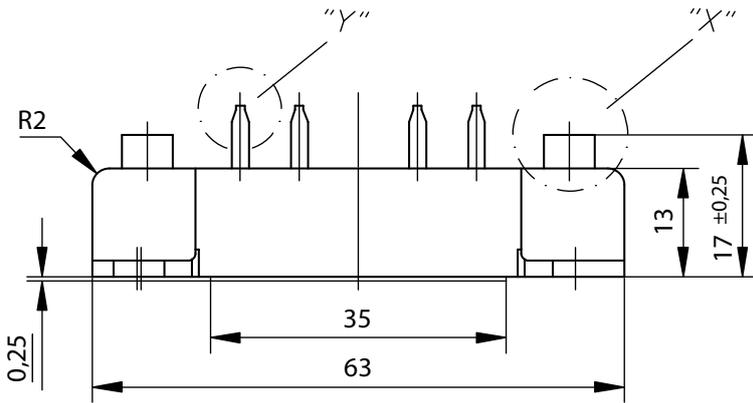


$V_{0\max}$  threshold voltage

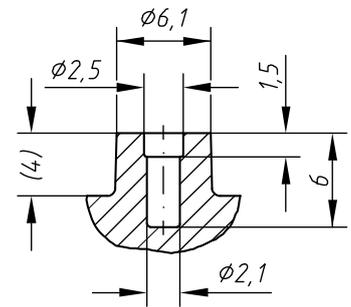
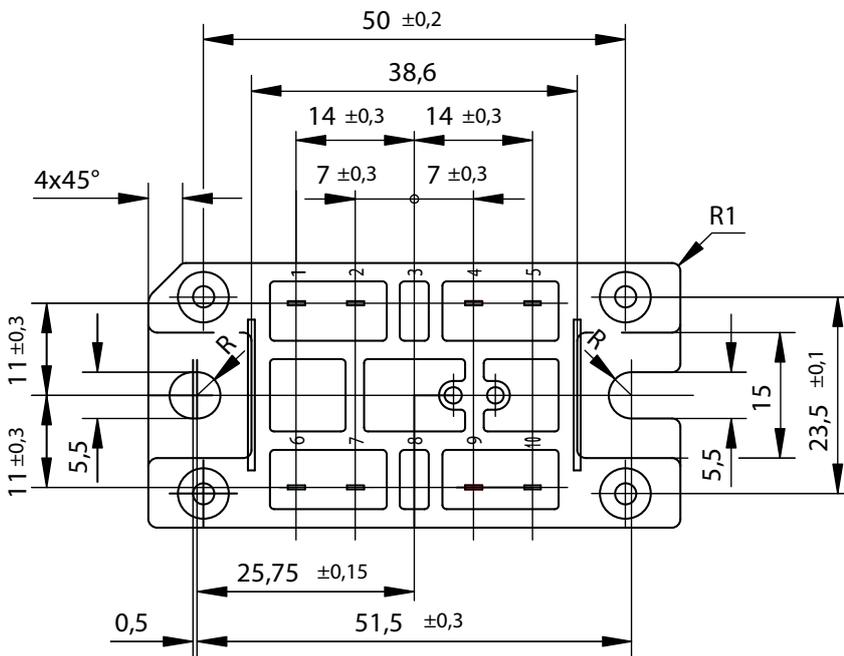
$R_{0\max}$  slope resistance \*

	IGBT	Diode	
$V_{0\max}$	1.1	1.25	V
$R_{0\max}$	9.2	5.7	mΩ

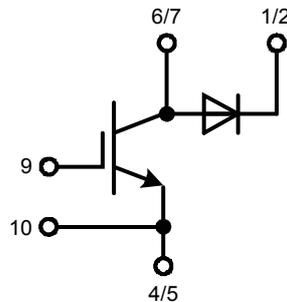
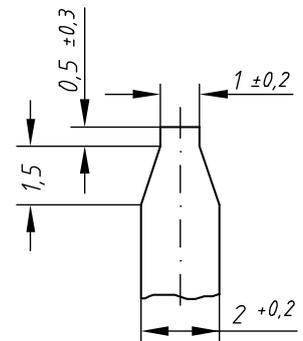
**Outlines V1-A-Pack**



Detail "X" M 2:1



Detail "Y" M 5:1



## IGBT

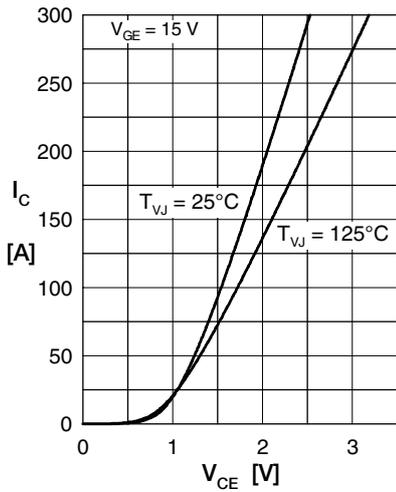


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

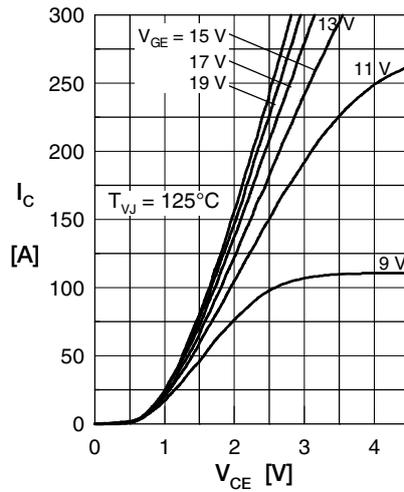


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

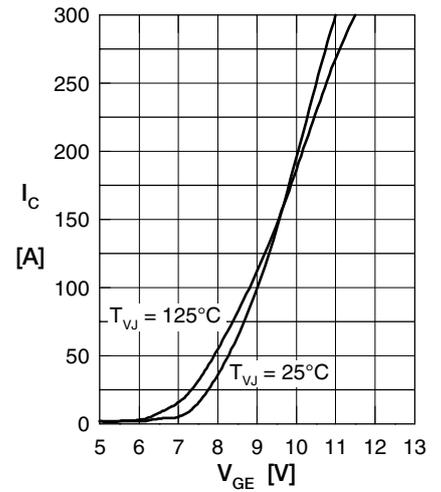


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

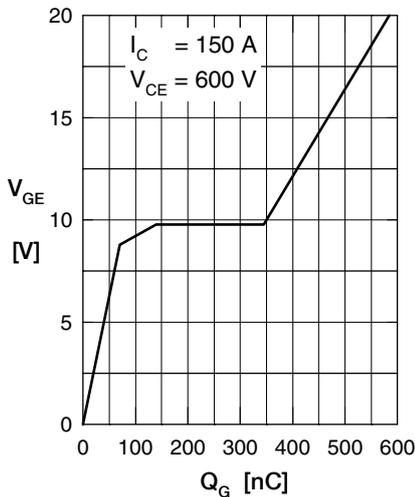


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

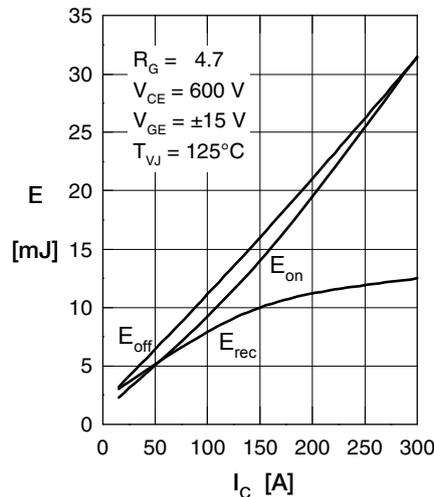


Fig. 5 Typ. switching energy versus collector current

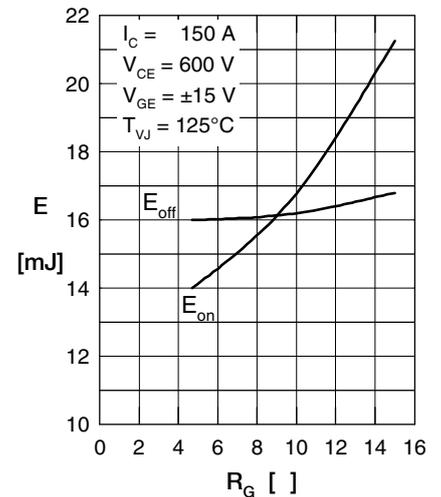


Fig. 6 Typ. switching energy versus gate resistance

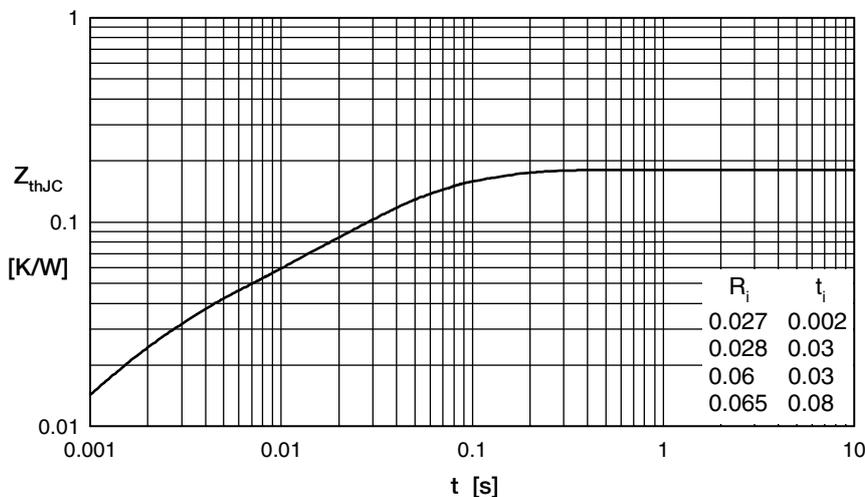


Fig. 7 Typ. transient thermal impedance

**Diode**

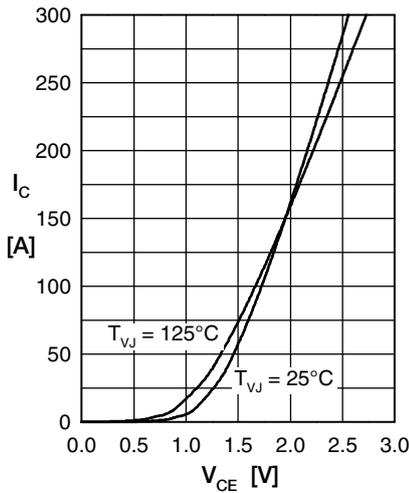


Fig. 1 Typ. Forward current versus  $V_F$

Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  versus  $di/dt$

Fig. 3 Typ. peak reverse current  $I_{RM}$  versus  $di/dt$

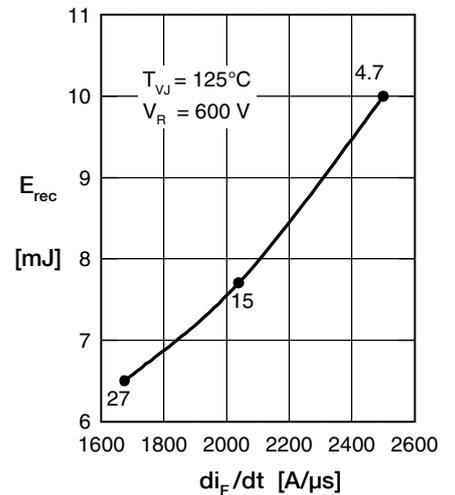


Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{RM}$  versus  $T_{VJ}$

Fig. 5 Typ. recovery time  $t_{rr}$  versus  $-di_F/dt$

Fig. 6 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  versus  $-di/dt$

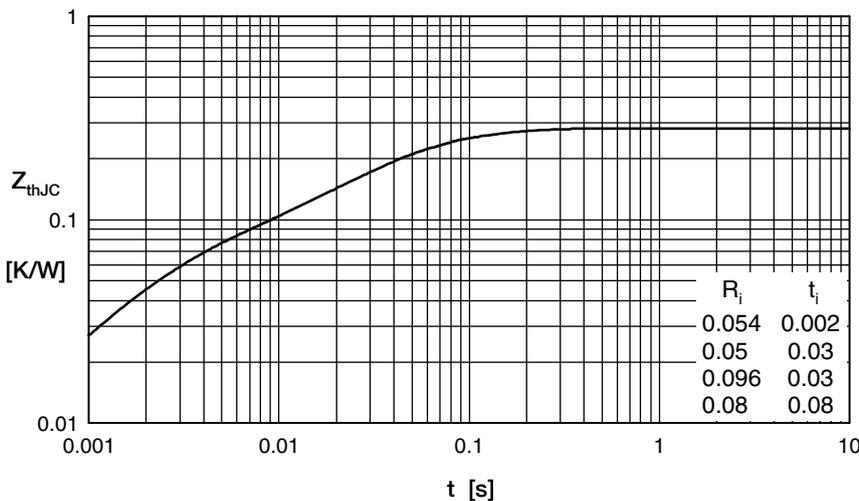


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case