

ADS1271EVM & ADS1271EVM-PDK User's Guide

This user's guide describes the characteristics, operation, and use of the ADS1271EVM, both by itself and as part of the ADS1271EVM-PDK. This EVM is a 24-bit analog-to-digital converter evaluation module. A complete circuit description, schematic diagram, and bill of materials are also included.

The following related documents are available through the Texas Instruments web site at www.ti.com.

EVM-Compatible Device Data Sheets

Device	Literature Number
ADS1271	SBAS306
OPA350	SBOS099B
OPA1632	SBOS286
REF1004	SBVS002
REF3125	SBVS046A
SN74AVC1T45	SCES530C
SN74AVC2T45	SCES531D
SN74LVC1G125	SCES223L
SN74LVC2G66	SCES325G
SN74LVC2G157	SCES207I
TPS71550	SLVS338H

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1 EVM Overview

1.1 Features

- Full-featured evaluation board for the ADS1271 24-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter
- Two ADS1271 converters on board illustrate use of daisy-chain mode
- Onboard reference and oscillator circuits
- Modular design for use with a variety of DSP and microcontroller interface boards.
- ADS1271EVM-PDK is a complete evaluation kit, which includes a USB-based motherboard and evaluation software for use with a personal computer running Microsoft Windows® operating systems.

1.2 Introduction

The ADS1271EVM is built in Texas Instruments' modular EVM form factor, which allows direct evaluation of the ADS1271 performance and operating characteristics, and eases software development and system prototyping. This EVM is compatible with the 5-6K Interface Board ([SLAU104](#)) from Texas Instruments and additional third-party boards such as the HPA449 demonstration board from SoftBaugh, Inc. ([www.softbaugh.com](#)) and the Speedy33™ from Hyperception, Inc. ([www.hyperception.com](#)).

The ADS1271EVM-PDK is a complete evaluation/demonstration kit, which includes a USB-enabled DSP-based motherboard (the MMB0) and evaluation software for use with a PC.

2 Analog Interface

The ADS1271EVM features several analog input options. Signals can be routed directly to the converters or can pass through the onboard buffer amplifiers (U5, U6). Signals can be applied to the board through the standard modular EVM analog connector (J1) or brought in through the auxiliary input connectors (J4, J5). A set of switches selects which analog connector source is used and whether the buffer amplifiers are in the signal path. These switches enable several configurations for evaluation. Switch operation and analog path configuration are described in [Section 5.1](#).

For maximum flexibility, the ADS1271EVM is designed for easy interfacing to multiple analog sources. Samtec part numbers SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K and TSM-110-01-T-DV-P provide a convenient 10-pin, dual-row, header/socket combination at J1. This header/socket provides access to the analog input pins of the ADS1271. Consult Samtec at [www.samtec.com](#) or call 1-800-SAMTEC-9 for a variety of mating connector options. [Table 1](#) through [Table 3](#) summarize the standard and auxiliary analog pinout configurations.

Speedy33 is a trademark of Hyperception, Inc..
 Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.
 SPI is a trademark of Motorola, Inc.
 I²C is a trademark of NXP Semiconductors.
 WinZip is a trademark of WinZip Computing, Inc..
 All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Table 1. Analog Interface Pinout (J1)

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J1.1	AIN0N	ADS1271 (U7) AINN
J1.2	AIN0P	ADS1271 (U7) AINP
J1.3	AIN1N	ADS1271 (U8) AINN
J1.4	AIN1P	ADS1271 (U8) AINP
J1.5	Unused	
J1.6	Unused	
J1.7	Unused	
J1.8	Unused	
J1.15	Unused	
J1.18	REF(-)	External reference source low side
J1.20	REF(+)	External reference source input (2.5V NOM)
J1.9-J1.19 (odd)	GND	Analog ground connections (except J1.15)
J1.10-J1.16 (even)	Unused	

Table 2. Auxiliary Analog Input 1 Pinout (J4)

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J4.1	AUX1P	Auxiliary Signal Input 1 - Positive terminal
J4.2	AUX1N	Auxiliary Signal Input 1 - Negative terminal
J4.3	AUXREF1P	Auxiliary Reference Input 1 - Positive terminal
J4.4	AUXREF1N	Auxiliary Reference Input 1 - Negative terminal
J4.5	GND	Ground

Table 3. Auxiliary Analog Input 2 Pinout (J5)

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J5.1	AUX2P	Auxiliary Signal Input 2 - Positive terminal
J5.2	AUX2N	Auxiliary Signal Input 2 - Negative terminal
J5.3	AUXREF2P	Auxiliary Reference Input 2 - Positive terminal
J5.4	AUXREF2N	Auxiliary Reference Input 2 - Negative terminal
J5.5	GND	Ground

3 Digital Interface

The ADS1271EVM is designed to easily interface with multiple control platforms. Samtec part numbers SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K and TSM-110-01-T-DV-P provide a convenient 10-pin, dual-row, header/socket combination at J2. This header/socket provides access to the digital control and serial data pins of the ADS1271. Consult Samtec at www.samtec.com or call 1-800-SAMTEC-9 for a variety of mating connector options.

Because the ADS1271 devices are capable of daisy-chaining, this EVM has been designed to permit stacking; up to four EVMs can be stacked, allowing for eight devices to be placed in a signal chain. To accommodate stacking of EVMs, J2 has some different connections on the top and the bottom side of the board. Differences between top and bottom connectors are highlighted in [Table 4](#).

Table 4. Digital Interface Pinout (J2)

Pin Number	Signal	Description
J2.1	SYNC	Synchronization Control
J2.2	MODE0	0 = High-Speed Mode 1 = Low-Power Mode (In either case, only if Mode1=0)
J2.3	CLKX	CLKXMODE = 1: master clock output CLKXMODE = 0: no connection
J2.4	DGND	Digital ground
J2.5	SCLK	Serial Clock
J2.6	MODE1	0 = Mode determined by MODE0 1 = High-Resolution Mode
J2.7	Unused.	
J2.8	FSDIR	Indicates FSR direction: 0 = Output (DRDY in SPI™ mode) 1 = Input (FSYNC mode)
J2.9	Top: FSOUT Bottom: FSR	FSOUT: in FSYNC mode, copy of FSR; in SPI mode, not connected FSR: in FSYNC mode, frame-sync input; in SPI mode, DRDY output from U8
J2.10	DGND	Digital ground
J2.11	Unused	
J2.12	CLKRMODE	0 = Use CLKR for SPI Clock 1 = Use ADC Clock for SPI clock
J2.13	Top: DIN Bottom: DOUT	Top: Serial data input Bottom: Serial data output
J2.14	CLKXMODE	0 = CLKX is High Z 1 = CLKX outputs ADC master clock
J2.15	Unused	
J2.16	SCL	I ² C™ bus serial clock
J2.17	EXTCLK	External ADC clock input
J2.18	DGND	Digital ground
J2.19	OBCLKSEL	Onboard Clock Select: High to select onboard clock instead of external clock.
J2.20	SDA	I ² C bus data line

4 Power Supplies

J3 provides connection to the common power bus for the ADS1271EVM. Power is supplied on the pins listed in [Table 5](#).

Table 5. Power Supply Pinout

Signal	Pin Number		Signal
+AVDD: +15V to power buffer amplifier section	1	2	-AVDD: -15V to power buffer amplifier section
+5VA	3	4	Unused
DGND	5	6	AGND
+1.8VD	7	8	Unused
+3.3VD	9	10	+5VD

When power is supplied to J3, J6 allows for either 3.3V or 1.8V to be applied to the digital sections of the ADS1271. J6 also provides for a method of measuring AVDD and DVDD supply currents if the shunts on J6.1-2, J6.3-4, J6.5-6, and J6.7-8 are removed and a current meter is connected between the appropriate pins. See the schematic and printed circuit board silkscreen for details.

4.1 ADC Power

Power for the ADS1271 analog supply voltage (AVDD) comes from +5V_A, which is supplied through J3.3. The shunt from J6 pins 1 to 2 applies this supply to the U7 ADS1271 device, while the shunt from J6 pins 5 to 6 applies this supply to the U8 ADS1271.

The ADS1271 digital supply voltage (DVDD) is selected using J6. When a shunt is applied from J6 pins 9 to 10, +1.8V_D is selected, and this power comes from J3.7. If a shunt is placed from J6 pins 11 to 12 (the default factory setting), +3.3V_D is selected, which is provided from J3.9. J6 pins 13 and 15 provide a means of connecting analog and digital grounds to the EVM; these grounds come from J3.6 and J3.5, respectively. These grounds are always connected together at the EVM.

CAUTION

Verify that all power supplies are within the safe operating limits shown on the [ADS1271 data sheet](#) before applying power to the EVM. Note that a shunt should only be connected between J6 pins 9 and 10 *OR* pins 11 and 12, but never both; doing so would short the +3.3V supply to the +1.8V digital supply.

4.2 Stand-Alone Operation

When used as a stand-alone EVM, the analog power can be applied to J6.2 and J6.6, referenced to J6.13. DVDD can be applied to J6.4 and J6.8, referenced to J6.15. Note that this EVM uses only a single ground plane.

4.3 Reference Voltage

The ADS1271 requires an external voltage reference. Two switches, S3 and S5, select the source of the reference for the two ADS1271s on the EVM. An external reference may be supplied through J1 pin 20 on the ADS1271EVM, or through J4 and J5, the auxiliary analog input connectors. A 2.5V reference is provided on the EVM for convenience. These different reference sources can be selected using S3 and S5, as shown in [Table 6](#).

CAUTION

Verify that the external reference voltage is within the safe operating limits shown on the [ADS1271 data sheet](#) before applying power to the EVM.

Table 6. Reference Selection Options - S3 and S5

S3/S5 Position	Reference Inputs
Left	Onboard 2.5V reference
Middle	External Reference from J1.20 (REFP) referenced to J1.18 (REFN)
Right	S3: AUXREF1 from J4.3 referenced to J4.4 S5: AUXREF2 from J5.3 referenced to J5.4

5 EVM Operation

The following section provides information on the analog input, digital control, and general operating conditions of the ADS1271EVM. Refer to [Figure 1](#) for switch and jumper locations, and the meanings of *left*, *middle* and *right* for switch settings in the following discussion.

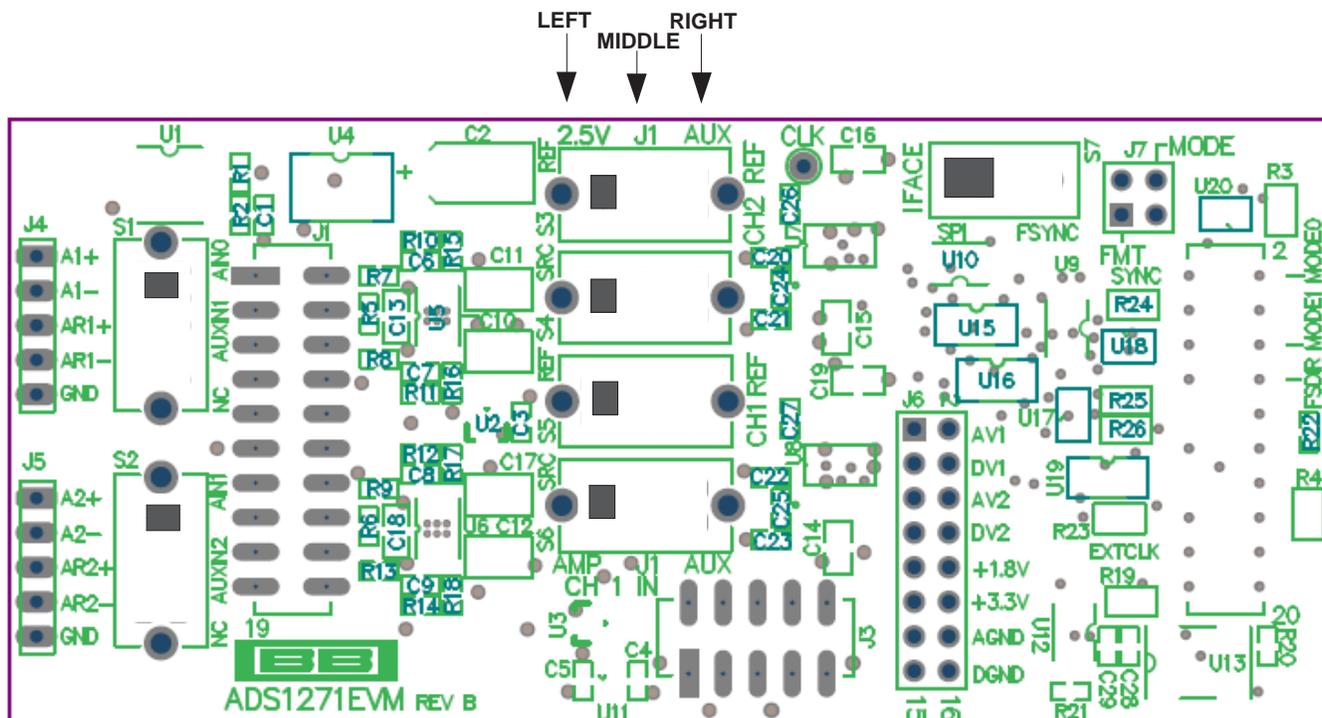


Figure 1. ADS1271EVM Switch and Jumper Locations

5.1 Analog Input

The analog input sources can be applied directly to J1 (top or bottom side) or through the auxiliary connectors J4 and J5. The analog input signals can be routed directly to the two ADS1271s on the EVM, or they can be routed through an optional buffer amplifier stage built around U5 or U6. Consult the [ADS1271 data sheet](#) to determine the maximum analog input range. [Table 7](#) summarizes the position of switches S1 and S2. S4 and S6 can be used to select the routing of the ADS1271 analog inputs as shown in [Table 8](#).

Table 7. Buffer Amplifier Options - S1 and S2

S1/S2 Position	Analog Inputs
Top	Input from J1
Middle	Input from J4/J5 auxiliary inputs
Bottom	No connection

Table 8. ADC Analog Input Options - S4 and S6

S4/S6 Position	Analog Inputs
Left	Input from Buffer Amplifier
Middle	Input from J1
Right	Input from J4/J5 auxiliary inputs

5.1.1 Buffer Amplifiers

The buffer amplifiers on this EVM are OPA1632s (U5, U6). These amplifiers are optimized for ac performance and are configured as fully-differential unity gain buffers. They require 15V supplies, which are provided from J3 pins 1 and 2.

The [OPA1632](#) requires a common mode voltage, which is provided on this EVM by U2 and U3. Some users may not wish to use the buffer amplifier section and provide the 15V supplies. If the 15V supplies are not connected, then having a voltage on the V_{OCM} pins of the amplifiers would exceed their maximum ratings. Thus, U2 and U3 provide a separate 2.5V reference for the buffer amplifier section rather than using the same reference as the ADS1271, which would always be powered. For this reason, U2 and U3 power is provided through a separate regulator, U11.

5.2 Digital Control

The digital control signals can be applied directly to J2. The modular ADS1271EVM can also be connected directly to a DSP or microcontroller interface board, such as the HPA449. For a current list of compatible interface and/or accessory boards for the EVM or the ADS1271, see the relevant product folder on the [TI web site](#).

5.3 Communication Modes

The ADS1271EVM has a digital routing network which can help simulate several possible system connections. The routing network also provides level-shifting, which allows the ADS1271 to be operated at any supported logic level regardless of the logic level used on J2. Note that you are not required to include this circuitry in your own designs; typically no glue logic is required to connect one or more ADS1271s to a processor.

5.3.1 Routing control

Routing is controlled by pins CLKRMODE, CLKXMODE, and OBCLKSEL on J2. CLKRMODE controls the direction and connection of CLKR. When CLKRMODE is low, CLKR is an input connected only to SCLK. When CLKRMODE is high, CLKR becomes an output connected to SCLK, and SCLK is tied to CLK. This connection can be useful in both FSYNC and SPI modes. A pulldown on CLKRMODE makes FSYNC mode the default setting.

When CLKXMODE is high, CLKX is an output connected to CLK. This setting is primarily useful for certain configurations using TI's McBSP, where CLKX can be used as a reference clock input for the serial port. When CLKXMODE is low, CLKX on J2 is unconnected. A pulldown on CLKXMODE makes this configuration the default.

OBCLKSEL selects between one of two master clock sources. When OBCLKSEL is high, the onboard clock is active and used for the master clock. When OBCLKSEL is low, the master clock is taken from EXTCLK on J2, and the onboard oscillator is disabled. A pulldown on OBCLKSEL makes this setting the default.

5.3.2 Using the ADS1271 communication modes

You can use either of the two ADS1271 interface modes with the ADS1271EVM. The interface modes are chosen manually using switch S7, and cannot be selected electrically.

The FSR and FSOUT pins on J2 operate differently depending on the communication mode. In SPI mode, FSR, which is on the socket on the bottom side of the board, carries the DRDY output signal from the first ADC (U8), the second ADC (U7) DRDY line is not connected, and the FSOUT pin on the header on the top side of the board is not connected. In FSYNC mode, the FSYNC pins of both ADCs are tied together, and the signal on FSR is copied to the top connector on pin FSOUT.

This arrangement allows the ADS1271EVM to be stacked with other ADS1271EVMs in either mode, as long as all boards in the stack are in the same mode.

A motherboard can sense which state the switch is in and configure itself appropriately by monitoring the FSDIR pin on J2. This pin is high when FSOUT is active and FSR is an input, and low when FSOUT is disconnected and FSR is an output (that is, it carries the DRDY signal).

5.4 Clock Source

5.4.1 Onboard Oscillator

The ADS1271 requires a clock. A 25MHz clock oscillator is provided on the EVM, and is selected as the clock source for the device when OBCLKSEL (J2.19) is high.

5.4.2 External Oscillator

When OBCLKSEL (J2.19) is low, the clock source for the ADS1271 is provided from J2.17, and the onboard clock oscillator is shut down.

6 Kit Operation

The following section provides information on using the ADS1271EVM-PDK, including setup, program installation, and program usage.

6.1 ADS1271EVM-PDK Block Diagram

A block diagram of the ADS1271EVM-PDK is shown in [Figure 2](#). The evaluation kit consists of two printed circuit boards connected together. The motherboard is designated as the MMB0, while the daughtercard is the ADS1271EVM described previously in this manual.

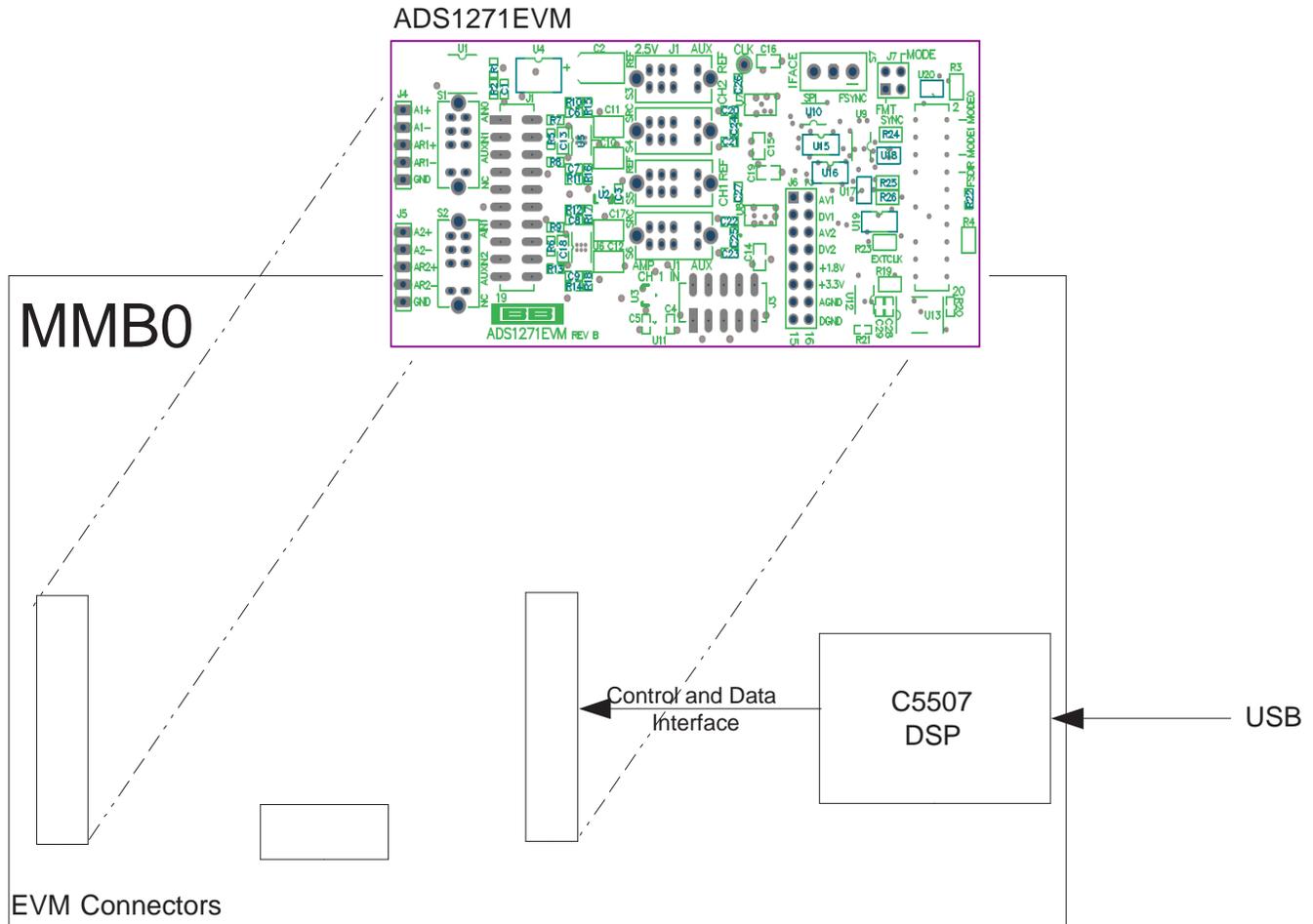


Figure 2. ADS1271EVM-PDK Block Diagram

6.2 Quick Start

Ensure that the ADS1271EVM is installed on the MMB0. Place the CD-ROM into your PC CD-ROM drive. Locate the Setup program on the disk and execute it. The Setup program installs the ADS1271 evaluation software on your PC. Follow the instructions and prompts given.

After the main program is installed, a dialog box appears with instructions for installing NI-VISA 3.1 Runtime, a self-extracting archive. Click *OK* to proceed. A WinZip™ dialog appears. Click *Unzip*, and the archive extracts itself and automatically runs the NI-VISA 3.1 Runtime installer.

Follow the instructions in the NI-VISA 3.1 Runtime Installer. When prompted for which features to install, do the following:

1. Click on the disk icon next to NI-VISA 3.1
2. Select, **Do not install this feature.**
3. Click on the disk icon next to *USB*.
4. Select the option which installs this feature.
5. Click *Next*.

Accept the license agreement, and continue the installation.

When the installation completes, click *Finish* on the ADS1271EVM installer window. You may be prompted to restart your computer.

Kit Operation

When installation is complete, attach a USB cable from your PC to the MMB0. Supply power to J14 on the MMB0, following the silkscreen markings or schematic; this will supply the ADS1271EVM power through the J3 connector on the ADS1271EVM.

The software should automatically find the ADS1271EVM, and a screen similar to the one in [Figure 3](#) should appear.

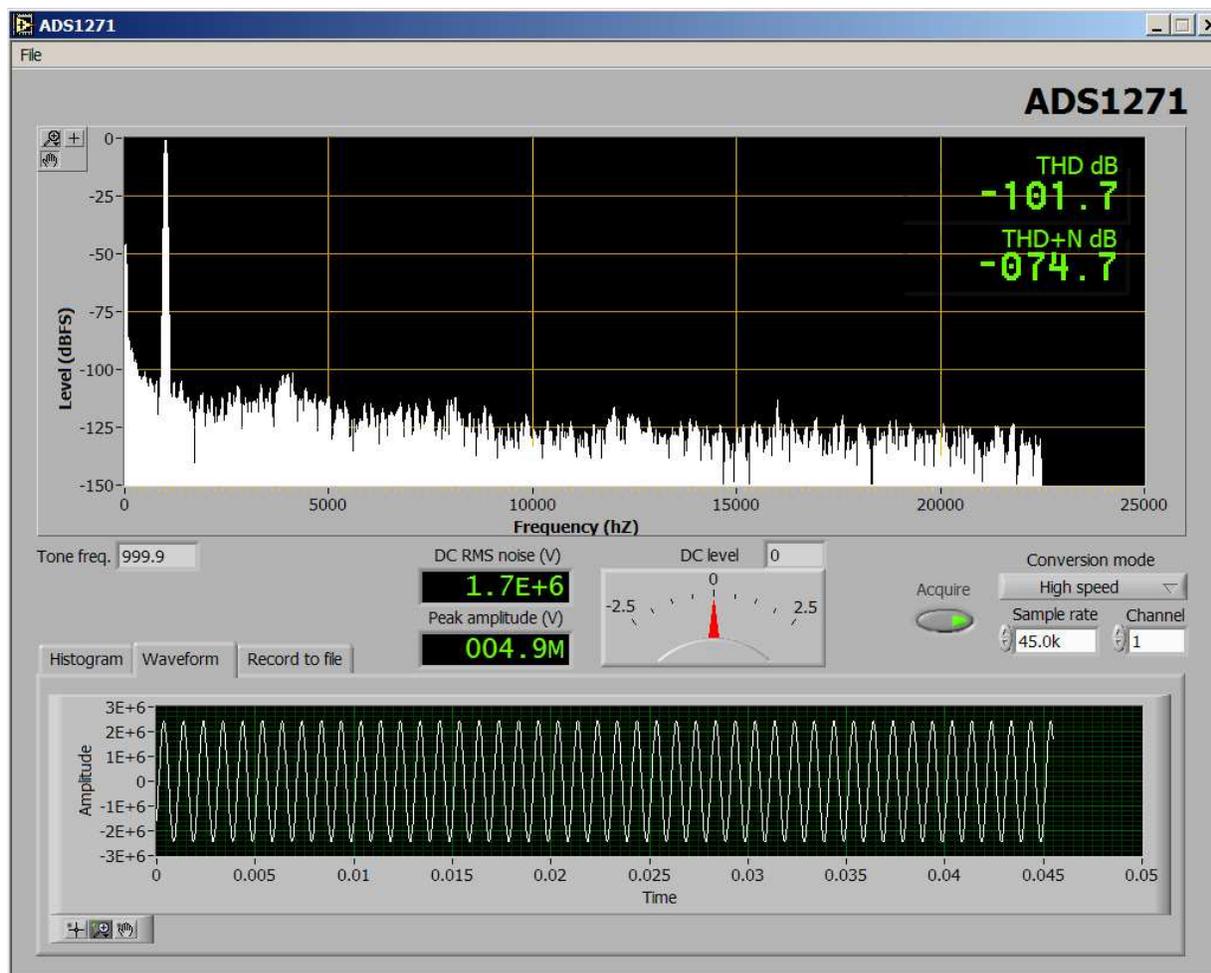


Figure 3. Default Software Screen

6.3 Program Description

Once the ADS1271EVM-PDK software (described in [Section 6.2](#)) is installed, evaluation and development with the ADS1271 can begin.

6.3.1 Basic Usage

When the program runs, it checks to see whether an MMB0 is connected. If it is, the program downloads the firmware to it, and runs; otherwise, it shows a dialog box telling you that it cannot find an MMB0. If you see this, make sure the MMB0 is connected and powered on, correct this if necessary, and click *Retry*. If you cannot fix the problem, click *Cancel* to quit.

After the program loads the MMB0 successfully, you will see a screen similar to that shown in [Figure 3](#). The top display shows an FFT of the ADC output up to the Nyquist frequency (half the sampling rate), and certain ac analysis numbers. Below this are a number of controls and meters, and at the bottom is a set of tabs, which show either a histogram, a picture of the incoming waveform, or the data recording controls.

To exit the program, select **File -> Exit** from the menu bar.

When the program starts, it is idle. You can put it in either Acquire mode or Record mode.

6.3.1.1 Acquire Mode

To put the program into Acquire mode, click the *Acquire* button. In Acquire mode, the ADS1271EVM software collects data as quickly as possible from the board in 2,048-sample blocks and analyzes it. Both ac and dc analyses are performed.

In Acquire mode, you can only view the data from one channel at a time. To choose channels, use the Channel box.

AC analysis consists of the FFT display and THD analysis. For THD analysis to work, the input must be a sine wave below half the Nyquist frequency, since the THD analyzer needs at least one harmonic to work from. The THD analyzer uses an automatic tone-detection algorithm, which searches for the highest harmonic and uses that for THD analysis. The frequency it detects is shown in the indicator marked *Tone Freq*. This frequency may not be exactly what your oscillator is set for, but it should generally be very close.

For dc analysis, the program provides dc RMS noise (standard deviation), peak amplitude, and a dc level meter. A histogram is also provided; this is visible in the left tab. Basic dc measurements work best when the ADC is driven by an amplifier or stable voltage source; shorting the inputs also works.

6.3.1.2 Record Mode

To record data, go to the Record To File tab and do the following:

1. If Acquire is on, turn it off. You cannot start recording when Acquire is on.
2. Set the Conversion Mode and Sample Rate fields to the settings you want to record with. The channel selector has no effect for data recording.
3. Enter a path in the *Destination File* field. You can use the folder icon to browse for the file with a standard file dialog. If the file you enter cannot be opened or created, the record button will be disabled. If the path points to an existing file, the file will be overwritten when you activate recording.
4. Enter a number of samples to convert. You can enter this in time or number of samples; the other box will update automatically. The number of samples is limited by available memory on the MMB0.
5. Click the record button. You will see the *Samples Retrieved* bar graph increase. When it reaches the number of samples you selected, recording will stop and the record button will go dark.

After this, the file you selected will contain comma-separated decimal numbers collected from the ADCs. The samples are written two to a line, with the sample from Channel 1 first, followed by a comma, followed by the sample from Channel 2. This kind of file can easily be imported into a spreadsheet, among other applications.

6.3.1.3 Configuration

You can set the sample rate and conversion mode. Sample rate and conversion mode are always the same for each ADS1271 being evaluated; you cannot set one channel to a different parameter.

The three ADS1271 conversion modes are selected from the flip-menu labeled *Conversion Mode*.

The ADS1271 clock is normally generated by a PLL synthesizer on the MMB0. The synthesizer cannot synthesize all frequencies precisely; the software will come as close as it can, but in some cases the sample rate will be slightly off.

When you change the sample rate, you may find the value clamped or altered. The limits are different for high-speed mode: in that mode, the maximum sampling rate is approximately 105kSPS, but in the other modes, it is approximately 52.5kSPS. If you have the sampling rate set too high when you switch to another mode, the program will automatically reduce the rate to the maximum rate allowed for that mode.

Note that the block size does not change. When you reduce the sampling rate, waveforms will appear to go up in frequency.

7 EVM Bill of Materials and Schematic

Table 9 contains a complete bill of materials for the modular ADS1271EVM.

Table 9. ADS1271EVM Bill of Materials

Designators	Description	Manufacturer	Mfg. Part Number
R15, R16, R17, R18, R23, R24, R25, R26	47Ω 1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ470V
R7, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12, R13, R14	1KΩ 1/16W 1% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF1001V
R2	10KΩ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ103V
R1	24.9KΩ 1/16W 1% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF2492V
R3, R4, R21, R22	47KΩ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ473V
R5, R6	100KΩ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ104V
R19, R20	470KΩ 1/10W 5% Chip Resistor	Panasonic	ERJ-3GEYJ474V
C20, C21, C22, C23	100pF 50V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 5%, C0G	TDK	C1608C0G1H101JT
C6, C7, C8, C9, C24, C25	1nF 50V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 5%, C0G	TDK	C1608C0G1H102JT
C28	0.01F 50V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 5%, X7R	TDK	C1608X7R1H103KT
C26, C27, C30, C31	0.1F 50V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 10%, X7R	TDK	C1608X7R1H104KT
C1, C3, C4, C5, C29	1F 16V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 10%, X7R	TDK	C1608X7R1C105KT
C13, C14, C15, C16, C18, C19	10F 6.3V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 20%, X5R	TDK	C2012X5R0J106MT
C10, C11, C12, C17	10F 25V Ceramic Chip Capacitor, 20%, X5R	TDK	C3225X7R1E106MT
C2	100F 10V Low ESR Tantalum Capacitor, 20%	Kemet	T520D107M010ASE055
U1	Precision Voltage Reference	Texas Instruments	REF1004I-2.5
U2, U3	Precision Voltage Reference	Texas Instruments	REF3125AIDBZ
U4	Precision Operational Amplifier	Texas Instruments	OPA350UA
U5, U6	Fully Differential Amplifier	Texas Instruments	OPA1632DGN
U7, U8	Precision Delta-Sigma ADC	Texas Instruments	ADS1271IPW
U9, U10	Dual Analog Switch	Texas Instruments	SN74LVC2G66DCT
U11	LDO Voltage Regulator, High Input Voltage	Texas Instruments	TPS1550DCK
U12	Single, 2-Line to 1 Data Selector/Multiplexer	Texas Instruments	SN74LVC2G157DCT
U13	3.3V Oscillator	CTS	CB3LV-5I-27-M0000
U15, U16	Dual Split Rail Level Shifter Transceiver	Texas Instruments	SN74AVC2T45DCT
U17, U18	Split Rail Level Shifter Transceiver	Texas Instruments	SN74AVC1T45DBV
U19	Dual Split Rail Level Shifter Transceiver	Texas Instruments	SN74AVCH2T45DCT
U20	Tri-State Buffer	Texas Instruments	SN74LVC1G125DBV
	ADS1271EVM PCB	Texas Instruments	6466987
J1A, J2T	20-pin SMT Plug	Samtec	TSM-110-01-L-DV-P
J1B, J2B	20-pin SMT Socket	Samtec	SSW-110-22-F-D-VS-K
J3A	10-pin SMT Plug	Samtec	TSM-105-01-L-DV-P
J3B	10-pin SMT Socket	Samtec	SSW-105-22-F-D-VS-K
J4, J5	Terminal Strip, 5 pin (5x1), Right Angle	Samtec	TSW-105-08-L-S-RA

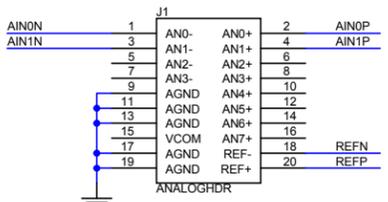
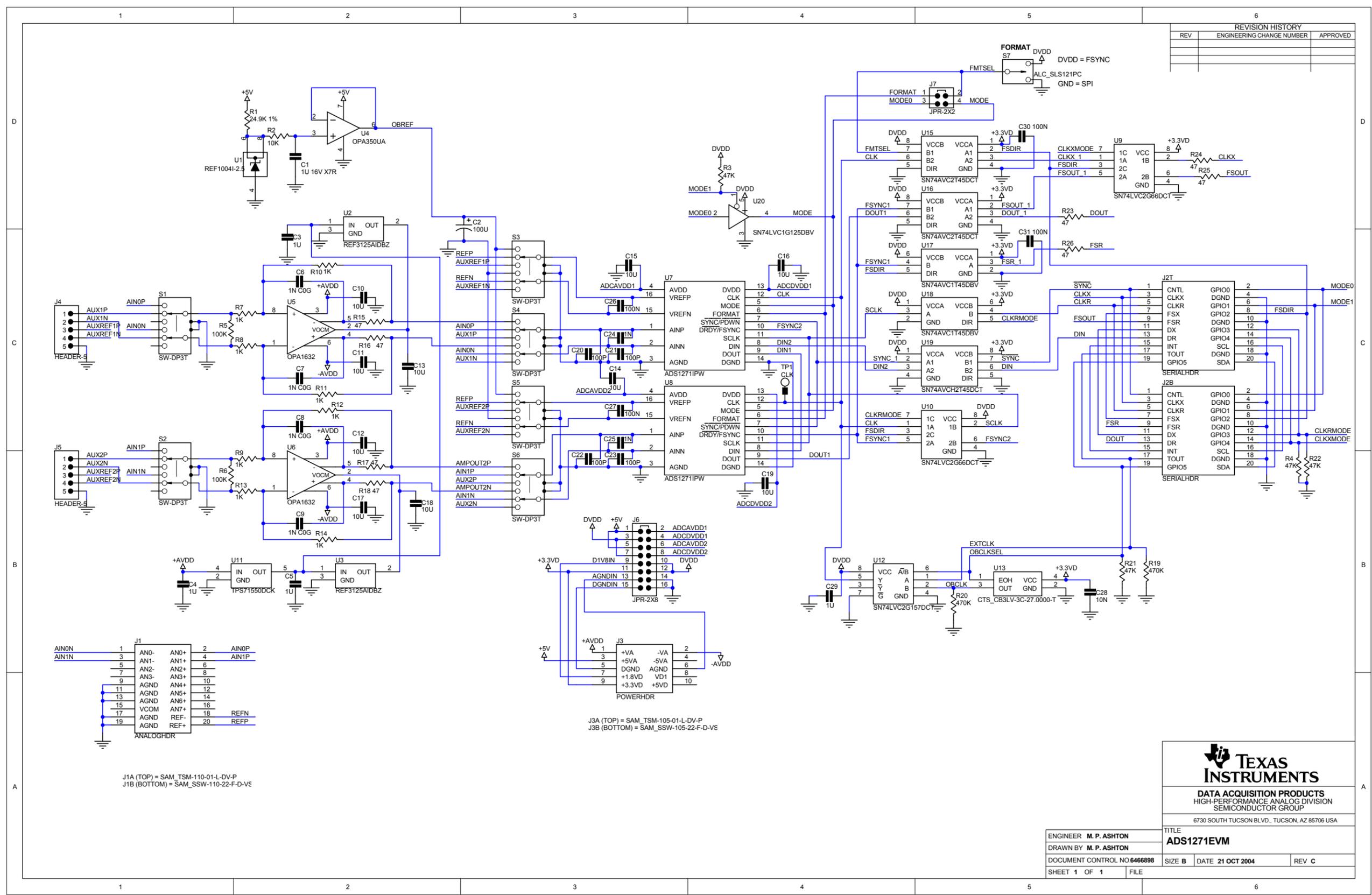
Table 9. ADS1271EVM Bill of Materials (continued)

Designators	Description	Manufacturer	Mfg. Part Number
J6	Terminal Strip, 16-pin (8x2)	Samtec	TSW-108-07-L-D
J7	Terminal Strip, 4-pin (2x2)	Samtec	TSW-102-07-L-D
S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6	Dual Pole 3 Position Switch	E-Switch	EG2305A
S7	SPDT Switch	Tyco-Alcoswitch	SLS121PC
TP1	Miniature Test Point Terminal	Keystone Electronics	5000
	Header Shorting Block	Samtec	SNT-100-BK-T

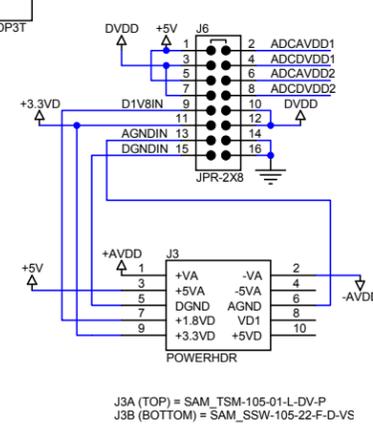
7.1 *ADS1271EVM Schematic*

The schematic diagram is provided as a reference.

REVISION HISTORY		
REV	ENGINEERING CHANGE NUMBER	APPROVED



J1A (TOP) = SAM_TSM-110-01-L-DV-P
 J1B (BOTTOM) = SAM_SSW-110-22-F-D-VS



J3A (TOP) = SAM_TSM-105-01-L-DV-P
 J3B (BOTTOM) = SAM_SSW-105-22-F-D-VS



ENGINEER	M. P. ASHTON	TITLE	ADS1271EVM
DRAWN BY	M. P. ASHTON	SIZE	B
DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	6466898	DATE	21 OCT 2004
SHEET 1 OF 1	FILE	REV	C

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EVM WARNINGS AND RESTRICTIONS

It is important to operate this EVM within the input voltage range of 1.8V to 5V and the output voltage range of 0V to 5V.

Exceeding the specified input range may cause unexpected operation and/or irreversible damage to the EVM. If there are questions concerning the input range, please contact a TI field representative prior to connecting the input power.

Applying loads outside of the specified output range may result in unintended operation and/or possible permanent damage to the EVM. Please consult the EVM User's Guide prior to connecting any load to the EVM output. If there is uncertainty as to the load specification, please contact a TI field representative.

During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than +30°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above +85°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

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