

DIGITAL TV TUNER IC

FEATURES

- Integrated Mixer/Oscillator/PLL and IF GCA
- VHF-L, VHF-H, UHF 3-Band Local Oscillator
- RF AGC Detector Circuit
- External 4-Pin IF Filter Between Mixer Output and IF Amplifier Input
- I²C Bus Protocol Bidirectional Data Transmission
- High-Voltage Tuning Voltage Output
- Four NPN-Type Band-Switch Drivers
- One Auxiliary Port/5-Level ADC
- Crystal Oscillator Output
- Programmable Reference Divider Ratio (24/28/50/64/80/128)
- Low Distortion IF Gain Controlled Amplifier
- Standby Mode
- 5-V Power Supply
- 44-Pin Thin Shrink Small-Outline Package (TSSOP)

APPLICATIONS

- Digital TVs
- Digital CATVs
- Set-Top Boxes

DESCRIPTION

The SN761668 is a low-phase-noise synthesized tuner IC designed for digital TV tuning systems. The circuit consists of a PLL synthesizer, three-band local oscillator and mixer, RF AGC detector circuit, and IF gain-controlled amplifier. The SN761668 is available in a small-outline package.

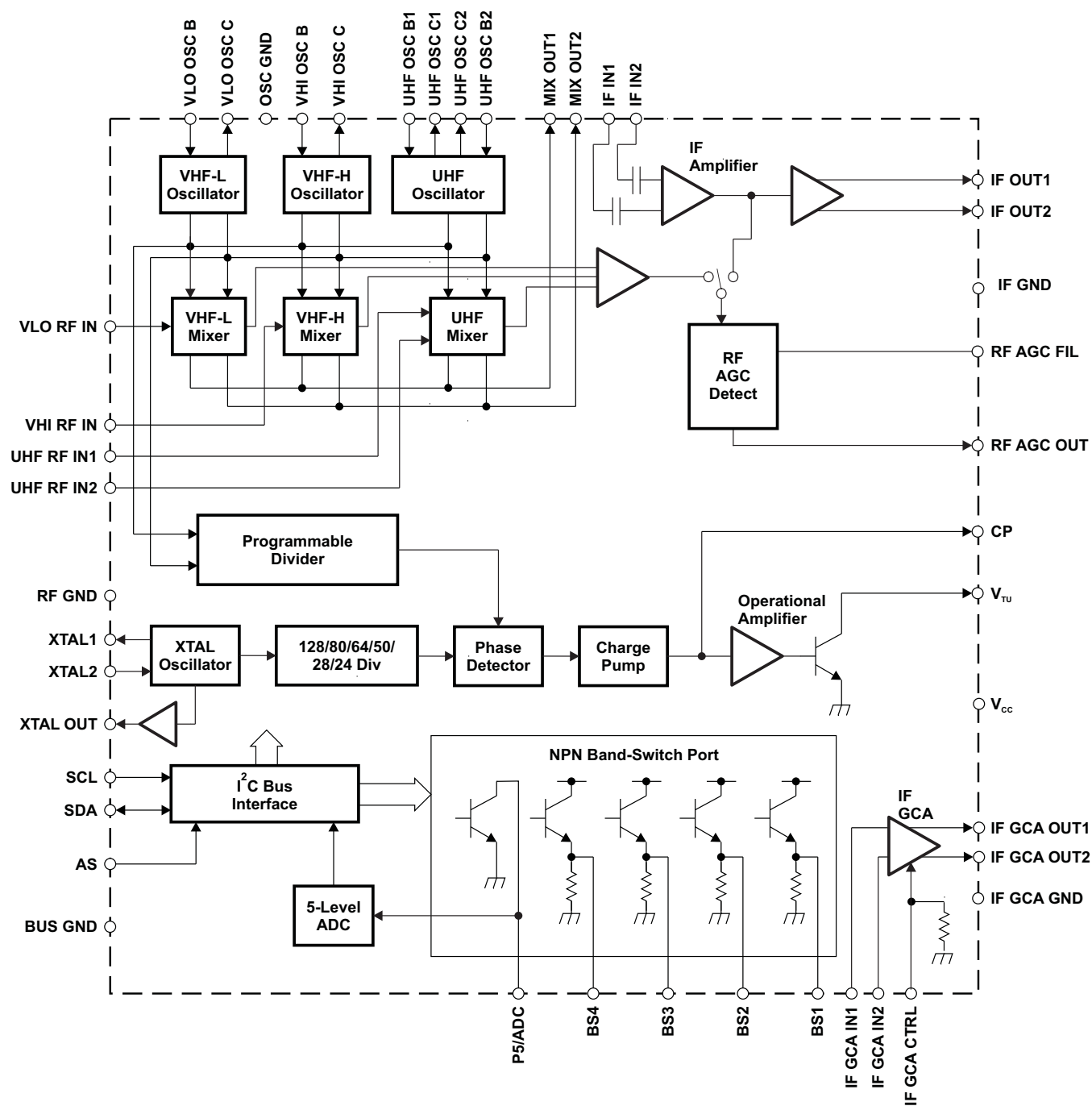
**DBT PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)**

VLO OSC B	1	44	BS4
VLO OSC C	2	43	UHF RF IN1
VHI OSC B	3	42	UHF RF IN2
VHI OSC C	4	41	VHI RF IN
OSC GND	5	40	VLO RF IN
UHF OSC B1	6	39	RF GND
UHF OSC C1	7	38	MIXOUT2
UHF OSC C2	8	37	MIXOUT1
UHF OSC B2	9	36	IF IN2
IF GND	10	35	IF IN1
IF OUT1	11	34	RF AGC OUT
IF OUT2	12	33	RF AGC FIL
CP	13	32	BS3
VTU	14	31	BS2
V _{cc}	15	30	BS1
IF GCA IN1	16	29	SDA
IF GCA IN2	17	28	SCL
IF GCA CTRL	18	27	AS
IF GCA GND	19	26	BUS GND
IF GCA OUT2	20	25	XTAL OUT
IF GCA OUT1	21	24	XTAL2
P5/ADC	22	23	XTAL1



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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMINAL NAME NO.		DESCRIPTION	SCHEMATIC
AS	27	Address selection input	Figure 1
BS1	30	Band-switch 1 output	Figure 2
BS2	31	Band-switch 2 output	Figure 2
BS3	32	Band-switch 3 output	Figure 2
BS4	44	Band-switch 4 output	Figure 2
BUS GND	26	BUS ground	
CP	13	Charge-pump output	Figure 3
IF GCA CTRL	18	IF GCA CTRL voltage inout	Figure 4
IF GCA GND	19	IF GCA ground	
IF GCA IN1	16	IF GCA input 1	Figure 5
IF GCA IN2	17	IF GCA input 2	Figure 5
IF GCA OUT1	21	IF GCA output 1	Figure 6
IF GCA OUT2	20	IF GCA output 2	Figure 6
IF GND	10	IF ground	
IF IN1	35	IF amplifier input 1	Figure 7
IF IN2	36	IF amplifier input 2	Figure 7
IF OUT1	11	IF amplifier output 1	Figure 8
IF OUT2	12	IF amplifier output 2	Figure 8
MIXOUT1	37	Mixer output 1	Figure 9
MIXOUT2	38	Mixer output 2	Figure 9
OSC GND	5	Oscillator ground	
P5/ADC	22	Port-5 output/ADC input	Figure 10
RF AGC FIL	33	RF AGC additional capacitor pin	Figure 11
RF AGC OUT	34	RF AGC output	Figure 12
RF GND	39	RF ground	
SCL	28	Serial clock input	Figure 13
SDA	29	Serial data input/output	Figure 14
UHF OSC B1	6	UHF oscillator base 1	Figure 15
UHF OSC B2	9	UHF oscillator base 2	Figure 15
UHF OSC C1	7	UHF oscillator collector 1	Figure 15
UHF OSC C2	8	UHF oscillator collector 2	Figure 15
UHF RF IN1	43	UHF RF input 1	Figure 16
UHF RF IN2	42	UHF RF input 2	Figure 16
V _{CC}	15	Supply voltage for mixer/oscillator/PLL: 5 V	
VHI OSC B	3	VHF-H oscillator base	Figure 17
VHI OSC C	4	VHF-H oscillator collector	Figure 17
VHI RF IN	41	VHF-H RF input	Figure 18
VLO OSC B	1	VHF-L oscillator base	Figure 19
VLO OSC C	2	VHF-L oscillator collector	Figure 19
VLO RF IN	40	VHF-L RF input	Figure 20
VTU	14	Tuning voltage amplifier output	Figure 3
XTAL1	23	4-MHz crystal oscillator output	Figure 21
XTAL2	24	4-MHz crystal oscillator input	Figure 21
XTALOUT	25	4-MHz crystal oscillator output	Figure 22

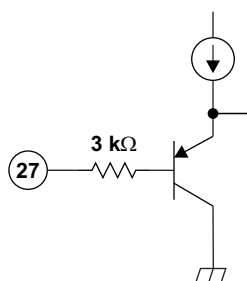


Figure 1. AS

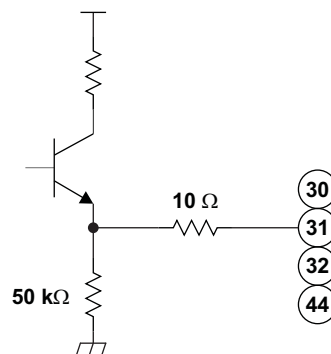


Figure 2. BS1, BS2, BS3, and BS4

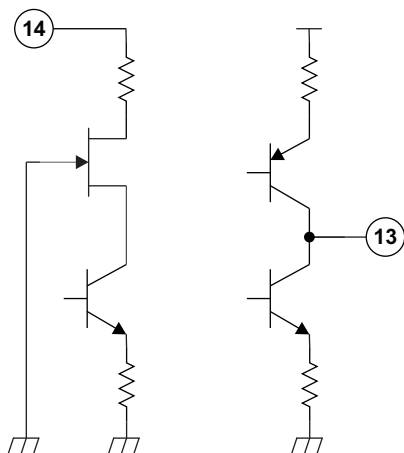


Figure 3. CP and VTU

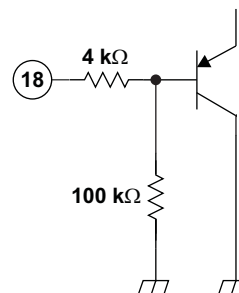


Figure 4. IF GCA CTRL

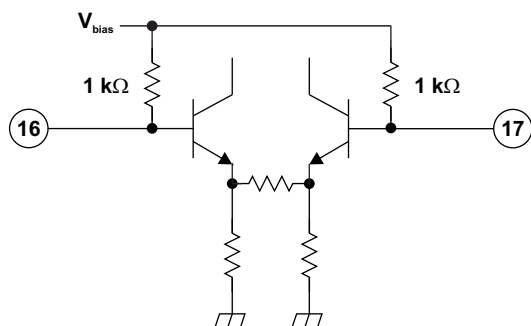


Figure 5. IF GCA IN1 and IF GCA IN2

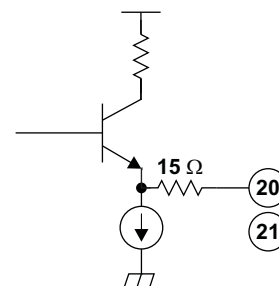


Figure 6. IF GCA OUT1 and IF GCA OUT2

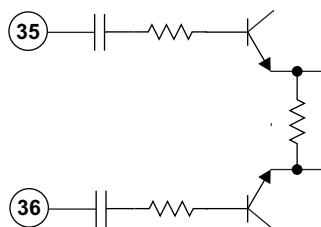


Figure 7. IF IN1 and IF IN2

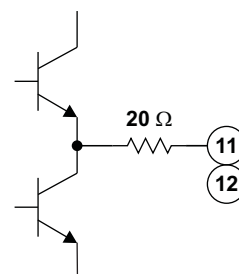


Figure 8. IF OUT1 and IF OUT2

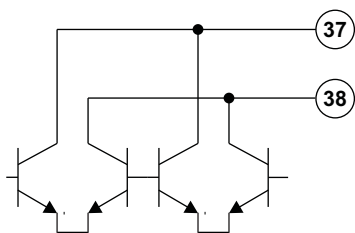


Figure 9. MIXOUT1 and MIXOUT2

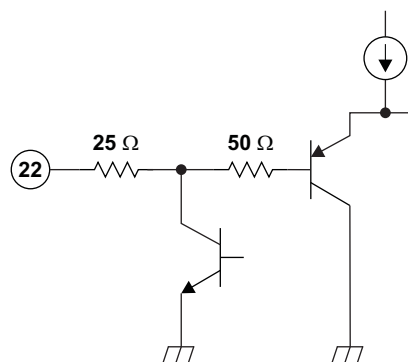


Figure 10. P5/ADC

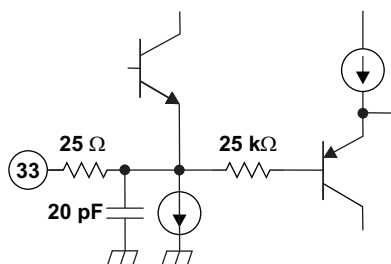


Figure 11. RF AGC FIL

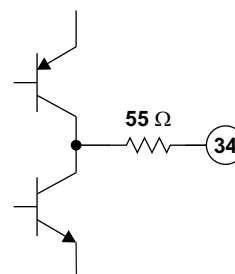


Figure 12. RF AGC OUT

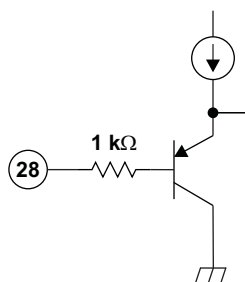


Figure 13. SCL

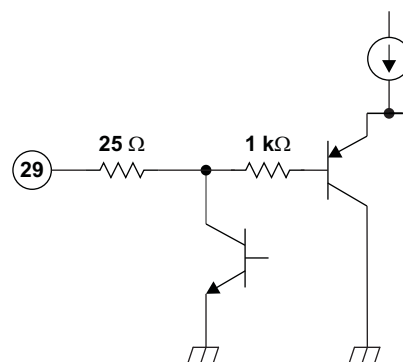


Figure 14. SDA

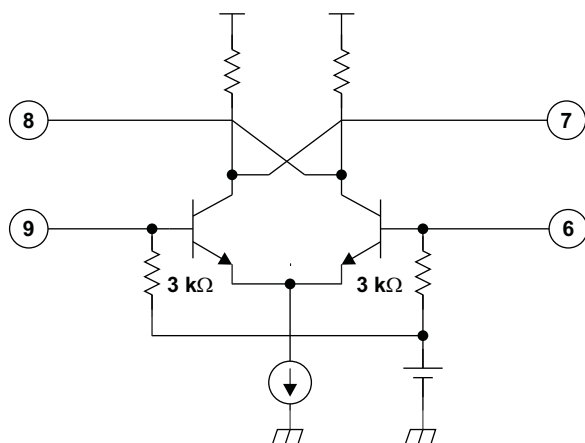


Figure 15. UHF OSC B1, UHF OSC B2, UHF OSC C1, and UHF OSC C2

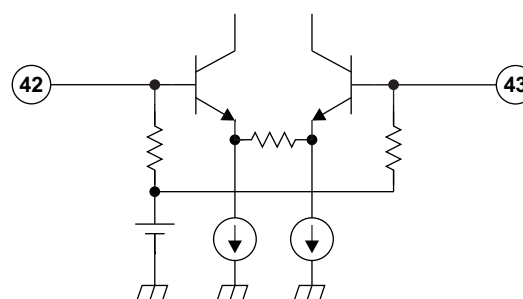


Figure 16. UHF RF IN1 and UHF RF IN2

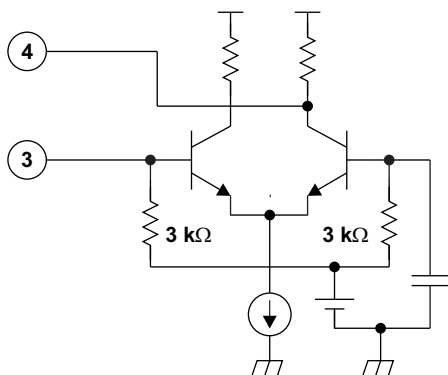


Figure 17. VHI OSC B and VHI OSC C

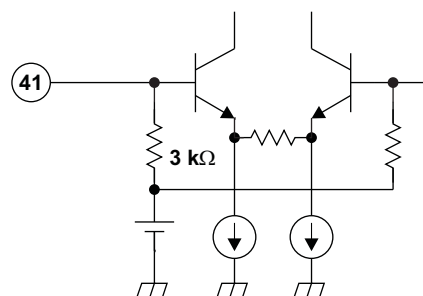


Figure 18. VHI RF IN

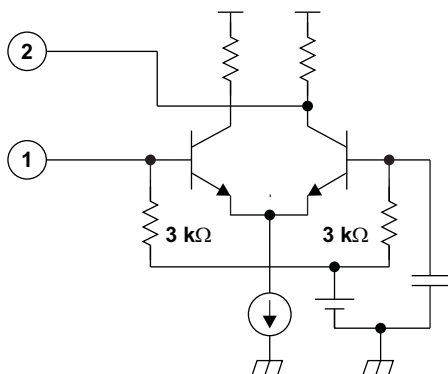


Figure 19. VLO OSC B and VLO OSC C

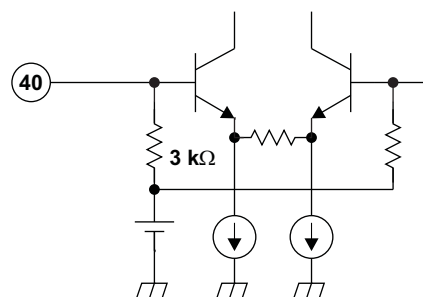


Figure 20. VLO RF IN

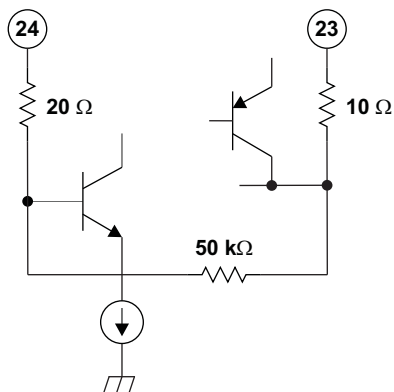


Figure 21. XTAL1 and XTAL2

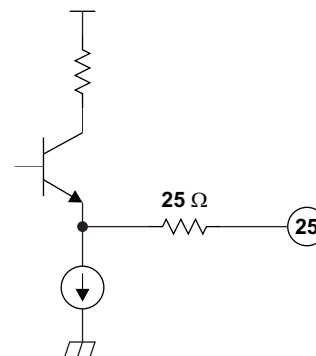


Figure 22. XTALOUT

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾	V _{CC}	–0.4	6.5	V
V _{GND}	Input voltage range 1 ⁽²⁾	RF GND, OSC GND	–0.4	0.4	V
VTU	Input voltage range 2 ⁽²⁾	VTU	–0.4	35	V
V _{IN}	Input voltage range 3 ⁽²⁾	Other pins	–0.4	6.5	V
P _D	Continuous total dissipation ⁽³⁾	T _A ≤ 25°C		1438	mW
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range		–20	85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		–65	150	°C
T _J	Maximum junction temperature			150	°C
t _{SC(max)}	Maximum short-circuit time	Each pin to V _{CC} or to GND		10	s

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Voltage values are with respect to the IF GND of the circuit.
- (3) Derating factor is 11.5 mW/°C for T_A ≥ 25°C.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
VTU	Tuning supply voltage			30	33	V
I _{BS}	Output current of band switch	BS1 – BS4, one band switch on			10	mA
I _{P5}	Output current of port 5	P5/ADC			–5	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		–20		85	°C



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

IF IN1, IF IN2, MIXOUT1, and MIXOUT2 (pins 35–38) withstand 1.5 kV, and all other pins withstand 2 kV, according to the Human-Body Model (1.5 kΩ, 100 pF).

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Total Device and Serial Interface

$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_{CC1}	Supply current 1			115	140	mA
I_{CC2}	Supply current 2	One band switch on ($I_{BS} = 10\text{ mA}$)		125	150	mA
$I_{CC-STBY}$	Standby supply current	STBY = 1		9		mA
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage (SCL, SDA)		2.5			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage (SCL, SDA)				1.35	V
I_{IH}	High-level input current (SCL, SDA)				10	μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current (SCL, SDA)		–10			μA
V_{POR}	Power-on-reset supply voltage (threshold of supply voltage between reset and operation mode)		2.1	2.8	3.5	V
I²C Interface						
V_{ASH}	Address-select high-input voltage (AS)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	4.5		5	V
V_{ASM1}	Address-select mid-input 1 voltage (AS)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	2		3	V
V_{ASM2}	Address-select mid-input 2 voltage (AS)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$	1		1.5	V
V_{ASL}	Address-select low-input voltage (AS)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$			0.5	V
I_{ASH}	Address-select high-input current (AS)				50	μA
I_{ASL}	Address-select low-input current (AS)		–10			μA
V_{ADC}	ADC input voltage	See Table 10	0		V_{CC}	V
I_{ADH}	ADC high-level input current	$V_{ADC} = V_{CC}$			10	μA
I_{ADL}	ADC low-level input current	$V_{ADC} = 0\text{ V}$	–10			μA
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage (SDA)	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 3\text{ mA}$			0.4	V
I_{SDAH}	High-level output leakage current (SDA)	$V_{SDA} = 5.5\text{ V}$			10	μA
f_{SCL}	Clock frequency (SCL)			100	400	kHz
t_{HD-DAT}	Data hold time	See Figure 23	0		0.9	μs
t_{BUF}	Bus free time		1.3			μs
t_{HD-STA}	Start hold time		0.6			μs
t_{LOW}	SCL-low hold time		1.3			μs
t_{HIGH}	SCL-high hold time		0.6			μs
t_{SU-STA}	Start setup time		0.6			μs
t_{SU-DAT}	Data setup time		0.1			μs
t_r	Rise time (SCL, SDA)				0.3	μs
t_f	Fall time (SCL, SDA)				0.3	μs
t_{SU-STO}	Stop setup time		0.6			μs

PLL and Band Switch

 $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C to }85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
N	Divider ratio	15-bit frequency word	512		32767	
f_{XTAL}	Crystal oscillator frequency	$R_{XTAL} = 25\ \Omega$ to $300\ \Omega$		4		MHz
Z_{XTAL}	Crystal oscillator input impedance	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.6	2.4		k Ω
V_{XLO}	XTALOUT output voltage	Load = $10\text{ pF}/5.1\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.4		Vp-p
V_{VTUL}	Tuning amplifier low-level output voltage	$R_L = 22\text{ k}\Omega$, $VTU = 33\text{ V}$	0.2	0.3	0.46	V
I_{VTUOFF}	Tuning amplifier leakage current	Tuning amplifier = off, $VTU = 33\text{ V}$			10	μA
I_{CP11}	Charge-pump current	CP[1:0] = 11		600		μA
I_{CP10}		CP[1:0] = 10		350		
I_{CP01}		CP[1:0] = 01		140		
I_{CP00}		CP[1:0] = 00		70		
V_{CP}	Charge-pump output voltage	PLL locked		1.95		V
I_{CPOFF}	Charge-pump leakage current	$V_{CP} = 2\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-15		15	nA
I_{BS}	Band-switch driver output current (BS1–BS4)				10	mA
V_{BS1}	Band-switch driver output voltage (BS1–BS4)	$I_{BS} = 10\text{ mA}$		3		V
V_{BS2}		$I_{BS} = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.5	3.7		
I_{BSOFF}	Band-switch driver leakage current (BS1–BS4)	$V_{BS} = 0\text{ V}$			8	μA
I_{P5}	Band-switch port sink current (P5/ADC)				-5	mA
V_{P5ON}	Band-switch port output voltage (P5/ADC)	$I_{P5} = -2\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.6	V

RF AGC

 $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- Ω system, IF = 44 MHz, IF filter characteristics: $f_{peak} = 44\text{ MHz}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
I_{OAGC0}	RF AGC output source current	ATC = 0	300	nA
I_{OAGC1}		ATC = 1	15	μA
$I_{OAGCSINK}$	RF AGC peak sink current	ATC = 0	100	μA
$V_{AGCSP00}$	Start-point IF output level ⁽¹⁾	T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 000	117	dB μV
$V_{AGCSP01}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 001	114	
$V_{AGCSP02}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 010	111	
$V_{AGCSP03}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 011	108	
$V_{AGCSP04}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 100	105	
$V_{AGCSP05}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 101	102	
$V_{AGCSP06}$		T1/ATSS = 0, ATP[2:0] = 110	99	
$V_{AGCSP10}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 000	112	
$V_{AGCSP11}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 001	109	
$V_{AGCSP12}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 010	106	
$V_{AGCSP13}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 011	103	
$V_{AGCSP14}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 100	100	
$V_{AGCSP15}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 101	97	
$V_{AGCSP16}$		T1/ATSS = 1, ATP[2:0] = 110	94	

(1) When AISL = 1, RF AGC function is not available at VHF-L band.

Mixer, Oscillator, IF Amplifier

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- Ω system, IF = 44 MHz, IF filter characteristics: $f_{\text{peak}} = 44\text{ MHz}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
G_{c1}	Conversion gain (mixer-IF amplifier), VHF-L	$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	dB
G_{c3}		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	
G_{c4}	Conversion gain (mixer-IF amplifier), VHF-H	$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	dB
G_{c6}		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	
G_{c7}	Conversion gain (mixer-IF amplifier), UHF	$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	dB
G_{c9}		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}^{(1)}$	35	
NF_1	Noise figure, VHF-L	$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}$	9	dB
NF_3		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}$	9	
NF_4	Noise figure, VHF-H	$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}$	9	dB
NF_6		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}$	9	
NF_7	Noise figure, UHF	$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}$	12	dB
NF_9		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}$	12	
CM_1	Input voltage causing 1% cross-modulation distortion, VHF-L	$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	79	dB μV
CM_3		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	79	
CM_4	Input voltage causing 1% cross-modulation distortion, VHF-H	$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	79	dB μV
CM_6		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	79	
CM_7	Input voltage causing 1% cross-modulation distortion, UHF	$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	77	dB μV
CM_9		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}^{(2)}$	77	
V_{IFO1}	IF output voltage, VHF-L	$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}$	117	dB μV
V_{IFO3}		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}$	117	
V_{IFO4}	IF output voltage, VHF-H	$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}$	117	dB μV
V_{IFO6}		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}$	117	
V_{IFO7}	IF output voltage, UHF	$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}$	117	dB μV
V_{IFO9}		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}$	117	
Φ_{PLVL11}	Phase noise, VHF-L	$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽³⁾	–90	dBc/Hz
Φ_{PLVL12}		$f_{\text{in}} = 57\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–95	
Φ_{PLVL31}		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽⁵⁾	–85	
Φ_{PLVL32}		$f_{\text{in}} = 171\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–95	
Φ_{PLVL41}	Phase noise, VHF-H	$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽³⁾	–85	dBc/Hz
Φ_{PLVL42}		$f_{\text{in}} = 177\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–90	
Φ_{PLVL61}		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽⁵⁾	–77	
Φ_{PLVL62}		$f_{\text{in}} = 467\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–90	
Φ_{PLVL71}	Phase noise, UHF	$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽³⁾	–80	dBc/Hz
Φ_{PLVL72}		$f_{\text{in}} = 473\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–85	
Φ_{PLVL91}		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 1 kHz ⁽⁵⁾	–77	
Φ_{PLVL92}		$f_{\text{in}} = 864\text{ MHz}$, Offset = 10 kHz ⁽⁴⁾	–90	

- (1) IF = 44 MHz, RF input level = 70 dB μV , differential output
- (2) $f_{\text{undes}} = f_{\text{des}} \pm 6\text{ MHz}$, $P_{\text{in}} = 70\text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$, AM 1 kHz, 30%, DES/CM = S/I = 46 dB
- (3) CP[1:0] = 10 (CP current 350 μA), RS[2:0] = 011 (reference divider 64)
- (4) CP[1:0] = 00 (CP current 70 μA), RS[2:0] = 100 (reference divider 128)
- (5) CP[1:0] = 11 (CP current 600 μA), RS[2:0] = 011 (reference divider 64)

IF Gain Controlled Amplifier

$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, measured in [Figure 24](#) reference measurement circuit at 50- Ω system, $IF = 44\text{ MHz}$
(unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_{IFGCA}	Input current (IF GCA CTRL)	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		30	60	μA
$V_{IFGCAMAX}$	Maximum gain control voltage	Gain maximum	2.5		V_{CC}	V
$V_{IFGCAMIN}$	Minimum gain control voltage	Gain minimum	0		0.4	V
$G_{IFGCAMAX}$	Maximum gain	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$	49	53	57	dB
$G_{IFGCAMIN}$	Minimum gain	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V}$	–4	–1	2	dB
GCR_{IFGCA}	Gain control range	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V to }3\text{ V}$		54		dB
$V_{IFGCAOUT}$	Output voltage	Single-ended output		2.1		Vp-p
NF_{IFGCA}	Noise figure	$V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		8.5		dB
$IM3_{IFGCA}$	Third order intermodulation distortion	$f_{IFGCAIN1} = 43\text{ MHz}$, $f_{IFGCAIN2} = 44\text{ MHz}$, $V_{IFGCAOUT} = -2\text{ dBm}$, $V_{IFGCA} = 3\text{ V}$		–50		dBc
$IIP3_{IFGCA}$	Input intercept point	$V_{IFGCA} = 0\text{ V}$		11		dBm
$R_{IFGCAIN}$	Input resistance (IF GCA IN1, IF GCA IN2)			1		k Ω
$R_{IFGCAOUT}$	Output resistance (IF GCA OUT1, IF GCA OUT2)			19		Ω

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

I²C Bus Mode

I²C Write Mode ($R/\overline{W} = 0$)

Table 1. Write Data Format

	MSB				LSB				(1)
Address byte (ADB)	1	1	0	0	0	MA1	MA0	$R/\overline{W} = 0$	A
Divider byte 1 (DB1)	0	N14	N13	N12	N11	N10	N9	N8	A
Divider byte 2 (DB2)	N7	N6	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	A
Control byte 1 (CB1)	1	0	ATP2	ATP1	ATP0	RS2	RS1	RS0	A
Band-switch byte (BB)	CP1	CP0	AISL	P5	BS4	BS3	BS2	BS1	A
Control byte 2 (CB2)	1	1	ATC	STBY	T3	T2	T1/ATSS	T0/XLO	A

(1) A: Acknowledge

Table 2. Write Data Symbol Description

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT													
MA[1:0]	Address-set bits (see Table 3)														
N[14:0]	Programmable counter set bits $N = N14 \times 2^{14} + N13 \times 2^{13} + \dots + N1 \times 2 + N0$	$N14 = N13 = N12 = \dots = N0 = 0$													
ATP[2:0]	RF AGC start-point control bits (see Table 4)	ATP[2:0] = 011													
RS[2:0]	Reference divider ratio-selection bits (see Table 5)	RS[2:0] = 111													
CP[1:0]	Charge-pump current-set bit (see Table 6)	CP[1:0] = 11													
AISL	RF AGC detector input selection bit AISL = 0: IF amplifier AISL = 1: Mixer output	AISL = 0													
P5	Port output/ADC input control bit P5 = 0: ADC INPUT P5 = 1: Tr = ON	P5 = 0													
BS[4:1]	Band-switch control bits BSn = 0: Tr = OFF BSn = 1: Tr = ON	BSn = 0													
	Band selection by BS[1:2] <table> <tr> <th>BS1</th><th>BS2</th><th></th></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>0</td><td>VHF-LO</td></tr> <tr> <td>0</td><td>1</td><td>VHF-HI</td></tr> <tr> <td>0</td><td>0</td><td>UHF</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Reserved</td></tr> </table>		BS1	BS2		1	0	VHF-LO	0	1	VHF-HI	0	0	UHF	1
BS1	BS2														
1	0	VHF-LO													
0	1	VHF-HI													
0	0	UHF													
1	1	Reserved													
ATC	RF AGC current-set bit ATC = 0: Current = 300 nA ATC = 1: Current = 15 μ A	ATC = 0													
STBY	Power standby mode-control bit STBY = 0: Normal operation STBY = 1: Standby mode/stop MOP function (XTALOUT is available even in standby mode)	STBY = 0													
T3, T2, T1/ATSS, T0/XLO	TEST bits, RFAGC shift bit, XTALOUT control bit (see Table 7)	T[3:0] = 0010													
X	Don't care														

Table 3. Address Selection

MA1	MA0	VOLTAGE APPLIED ON AS INPUT
0	0	0 V to 0.1 V _{CC} (Low)
0	1	OPEN, or 0.2 V _{CC} to 0.3 V _{CC} (Mid2)
1	0	0.4 V _{CC} to 0.6 V _{CC} (Mid1)
1	1	0.9 V _{CC} to V _{CC} (High)

Table 4. RF AGC Start Point⁽¹⁾

T1/ATSS	ATP2	ATP1	ATP0	IFOUT LEVEL (dBμV)
0	0	0	0	117
0	0	0	1	114
0	0	1	0	111
0	0	1	1	108
0	1	0	0	105
0	1	0	1	102
0	1	1	0	99
0	1	1	1	Disabled
1	0	0	0	112
1	0	0	1	109
1	0	1	0	106
1	0	1	1	103
1	1	0	0	100
1	1	0	1	97
1	1	1	0	94
1	1	1	1	Disabled

(1) When AISL = 1, RF AGC function is not available at VHF-L band (output level is undefined).

Table 5. Reference Divider Ratio

RS2	RS1	RS0	REFERENCE DIVIDER RATIO
0	0	0	24
0	0	1	28
0	1	0	50
0	1	1	64
1	0	0	128
1	X	1	80

Table 6. Charge-Pump Current

CP1	CP0	CHARGE PUMP CURRENT (μA)
0	0	70
0	1	140
1	0	350
1	1	600

Table 7. Test Bits/XTALOUT Control ⁽¹⁾

T3	T2	T1/ATSS	T0/XLO	DEVICE OPERATION	XTALOUT 4-MHz OUTPUT
0	0	X	0	Normal operation	Enabled
0	0	X	1	Normal operation	Disabled
X	1	X	X	Test mode	Not available
1	X	X	X	Test mode	Not available

(1) RFAGC and XTALOUT are not available in test mode.

Example I²C Data Write Sequences

Telegram examples:

Start-ADB-DB1-DB2-CB1-BB-CB2-Stop

Start-ADB-DB1-DB2-Stop

Start-ADB-CB1-BB-CB2-Stop

Start-ADB-CB1-BB-Stop

Start-ADB-CB2-Stop

Abbreviations:

ADB: Address byte

BB: Band-switch byte

CB1: Control byte 1

CB2: Control byte 2

DB1: Divider byte 1

DB2: Divider byte 2

Start: Start condition

Stop: Stop condition

I²C Read Mode ($R/\overline{W} = 1$)

Table 8. Read Data Format (A: Acknowledge)

	MSB							LSB	
Address byte (ADB)	1	1	0	0	0	MA1	MA0	$R/\overline{W} = 1$	A
Status byte (SB)	POR	FL	1	1	X	A2	A1	A0	–

Table 9. Read Data Symbol Description

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
MA[1:0]	Address set bits (see Table 3)	
POR	Power-on-reset flag POR set: power on POR reset: end-of-data transmission procedure	POR = 1
FL	In-lock flag PLL locked (FL = 1), unlocked (FL = 0)	
A[2:0]	Digital data of ADC (see Table 10) Bit P5 must be set to 0.	

Table 10. ADC Level⁽¹⁾

A2	A1	A0	VOLTAGE APPLIED ON ADC INPUT
1	0	0	0.6 V _{CC} to V _{CC}
0	1	1	0.45 V _{CC} to 0.6 V _{CC}
0	1	0	0.3 V _{CC} to 0.45 V _{CC}
0	0	1	0.15 V _{CC} to 0.3 V _{CC}
0	0	0	0 V to 0.15 V _{CC}

(1) Accuracy is $0.03 \times V_{CC}$.

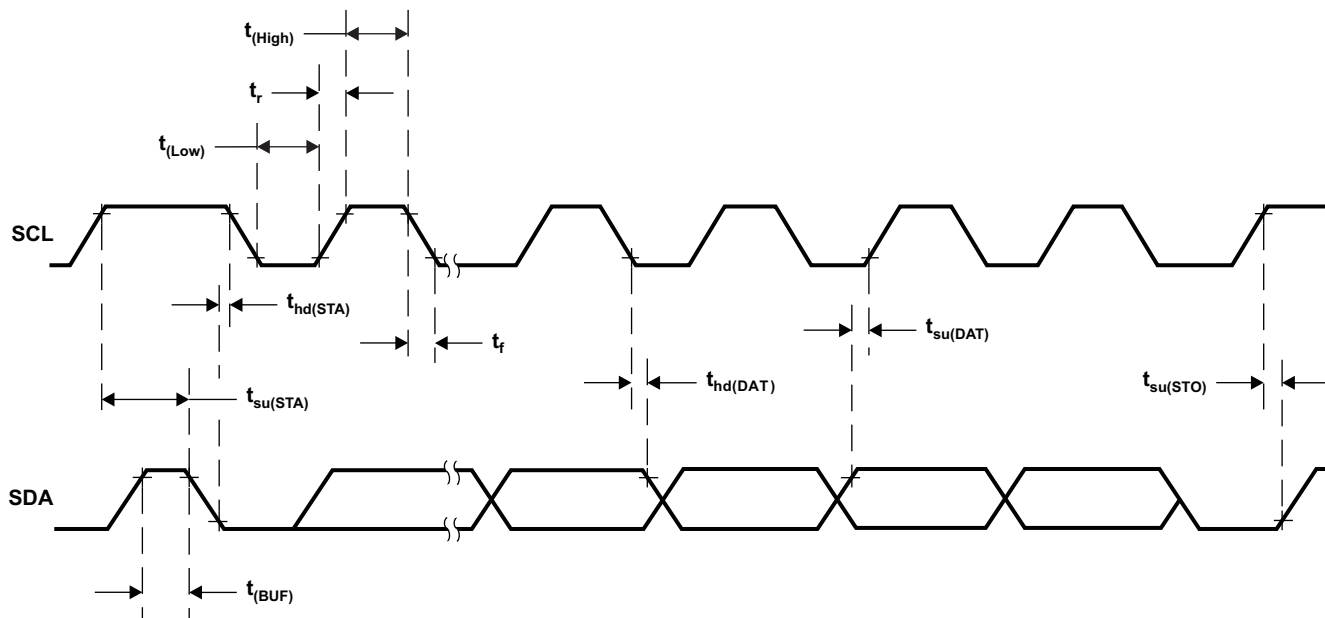
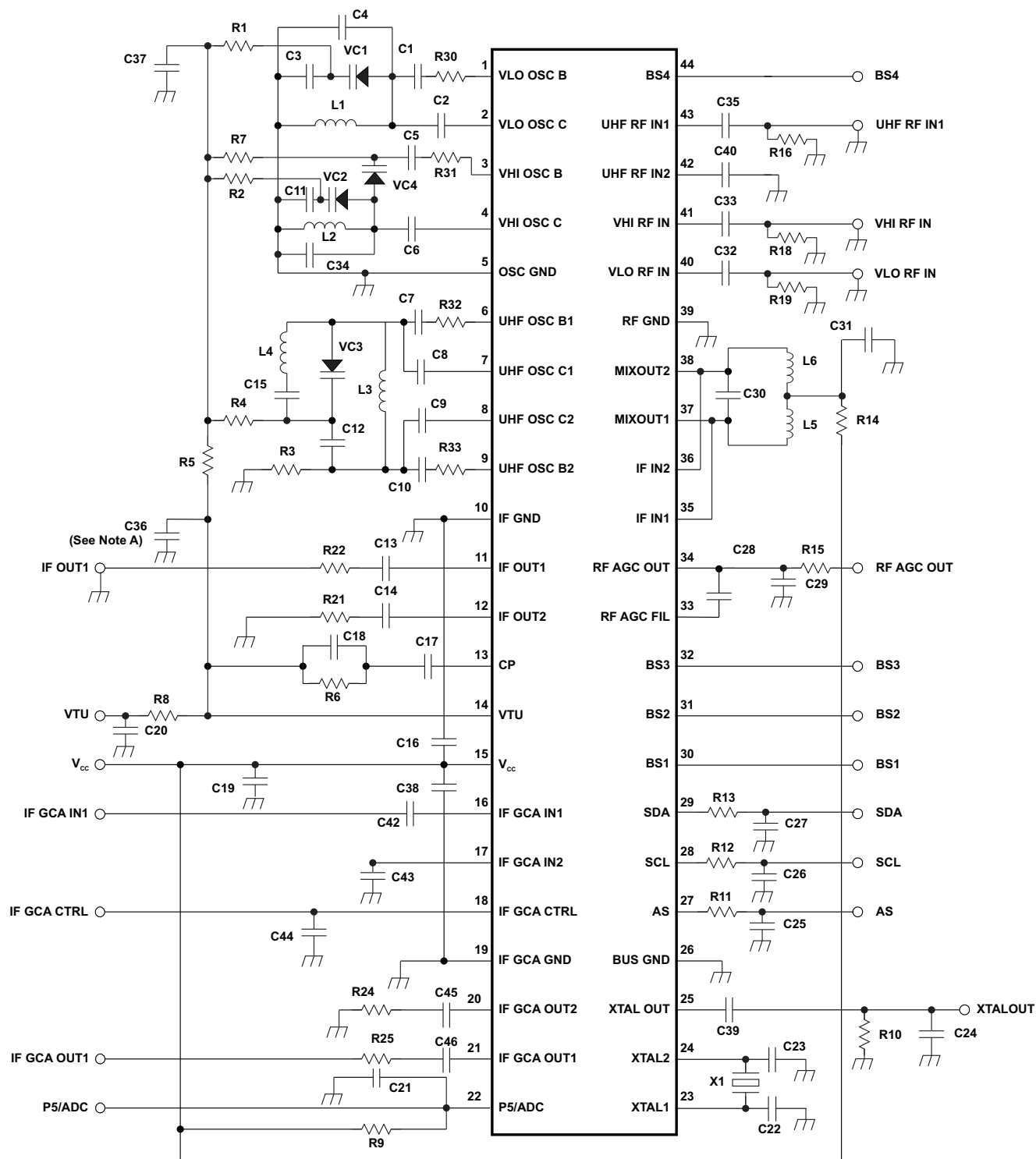


Figure 23. I²C Timing Chart

APPLICATION INFORMATION



- A. To prevent abnormal oscillation, connect C36, which does not affect a PLL.
- B. This application information is advisory, and a performance check is required for actual application circuits. TI assumes no responsibility for the consequences of the use of this circuit, nor for any infringement of patent or patent rights of third parties that may result from its use.

Figure 24. Reference Measurement Circuit

Component Values for Measurement Circuit

PART NAME	VALUE	PART NAME	VALUE
C1 (VLO OSC B)	1 pF	C43 (IF GCA IN2)	2.2 nF
C2 (VLO OSC C)	2 pF	C44 (IF GCA CTRL)	2.2 nF
C3 (VLO OSC)	47 pF	C45 (IF GCA OUT1)	2.2 nF
C4 (VLO OSC)	Open	C46 (IF GCA OUT2)	2.2 nF
C5 (VHI OSC)	7 pF	L1 (VLO OSC)	φ3,0 mm, 7T, wire 0,32 mm
C6 (VHI OSC C)	5 pF	L2 (VHI OSC)	φ2,0 mm, 3T, wire 0,4 mm
C7 (UHF OSC B1)	1.5 pF	L3 (UHF OSC)	φ1,8 mm, 3T, wire 0,4 mm
C8 (UHF OSC C1)	1 pF	L4 (UHF OSC)	φ1,8 mm, 3T, wire 0,4 mm
C9 (UHF OSC C2)	1 pF	L5 (MIXOUT)	680 nH (LK1608R68K-T)
C10 (UHF OSC B2)	1.5 pF	L6 (MIXOUT)	680 nH (LK1608R68K-T)
C11 (VHI OSC)	51 pF	R1 (VLO OSC)	3.3 kΩ
C12 (UHF OSC)	10 pF	R2 (VHI OSC)	3.3 kΩ
C13 (IF OUT)	2.2 nF	R3 (UHF OSC)	2.2 kΩ
C14 (IF OUT)	2.2 nF	R4 (UHF OSC)	1 kΩ
C15 (UHF OSC)	100 pF	R5 (VTU)	3 kΩ
C16 (V _{CC})	4.7 nF	R6 (CP)	47 kΩ
C17 (CP)	0.01 μF/50 V	R7 (VHI OSC)	3.3 kΩ
C18 (CP)	22 pF/50 V	R8 (VTU)	20 kΩ
C19 (V _{CC})	2.2 nF	R9 (P5/ADC)	Open
C20 (VTU)	2.2 nF/50 V	R10 (XTALOUT)	5.1 kΩ
C21 (P5/ADC)	Open	R11 (AS)	330 Ω
C22 (XTAL)	27 pF	R12 (SCL)	330 Ω
C23 (XTAL)	27 pF	R13 (SDA)	330 Ω
C24 (XTALOUT)	10 pF	R14 (V _{CC})	0
C25 (AS)	22 pF	R15 (RF AGC OUT)	0
C26 (SCL)	Open	R16 (UHF RF IN1)	(50 Ω)
C27 (SDA)	Open	R18 (VHI RF IN)	(50 Ω)
C28 (AGC FIL)	1 nF	R19 (VLO RF IN)	(50 Ω)
C29 (RF AGC OUT)	0.15 μF	R21 (IF OUT2)	1 kΩ
C30 (MIXOUT)	4 pF	R22 (IF OUT1)	1 kΩ
C31 (MIXOUT)	2.2 nF	R24 (IF GCA OUT1)	250 Ω
C32 (VLO RF IN)	2.2 nF	R25 (IF GCA OUT2)	200 Ω
C33 (VHI RF IN)	2.2 nF	R30 (VLO OSC B)	0
C34 (VHI OSC)	0.5 pF	R31 (VHI OSC B)	4.7 Ω
C35 (UHF RF IN1)	2.2 nF	R32 (UHF OSC B1)	0
C36 (VTU)	22 pF	R33 (UHF OSC B2)	0
C37 (VTU)	2.2 nF/50 V	VC1 (VLO OSC)	MA2S374
C38 (V _{CC})	0.1 μF	VC2 (VHI OSC)	MA2S374
C39 (XTALOUT)	2.2 nF	VC3 (UHF OSC)	MA2S372
C40 (UHF RF IN2)	2.2 nF	VC4 (VHI OSC)	MA2S372
C42 (IF GCA IN1)	2.2 nF	X1	4-MHz crystal

APPLICATION INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Test Circuits

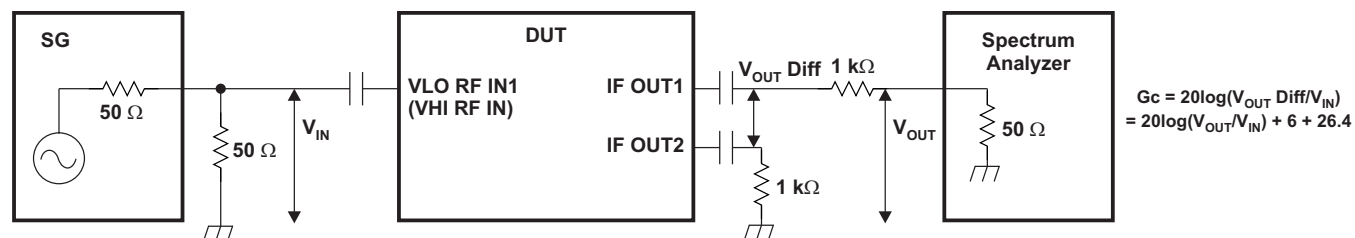


Figure 25. VHF-Conversion Gain-Measurement Circuit

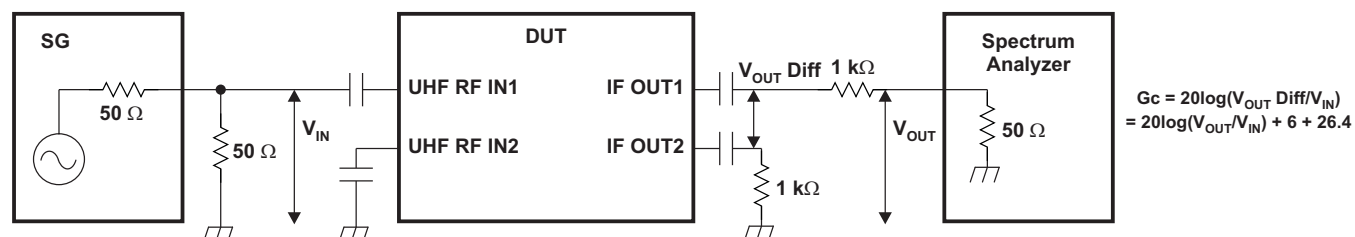


Figure 26. UHF-Conversion Gain-Measurement Circuit

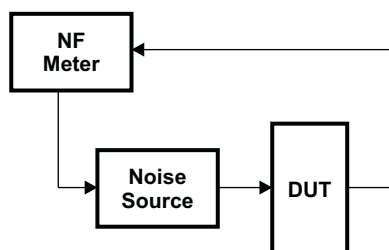


Figure 27. Noise-Figure Measurement Circuit

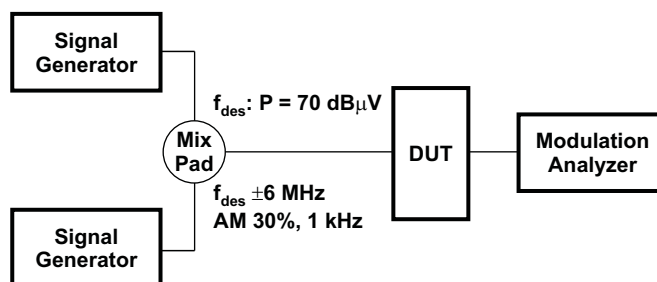


Figure 28. 1% Cross-Modulation Distortion Measurement Circuit

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Band-Switch Driver Output Voltage (BS1–BS4)

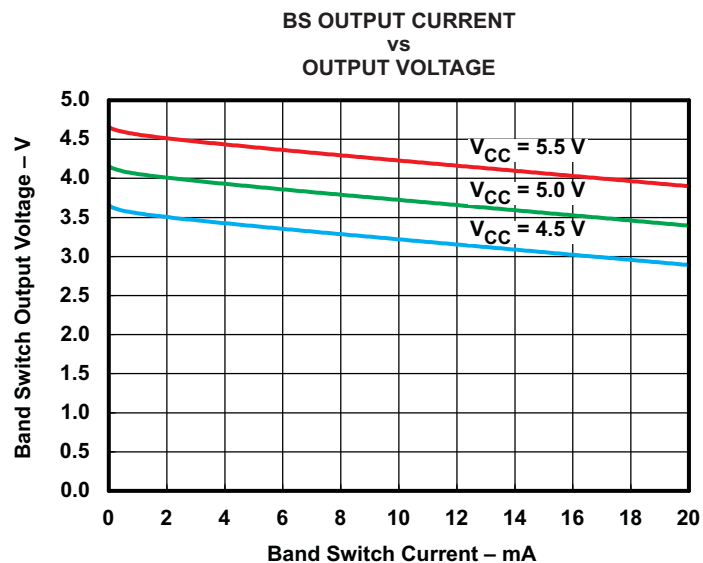


Figure 29. Band-Switch Driver Output Voltage

S-Parameter

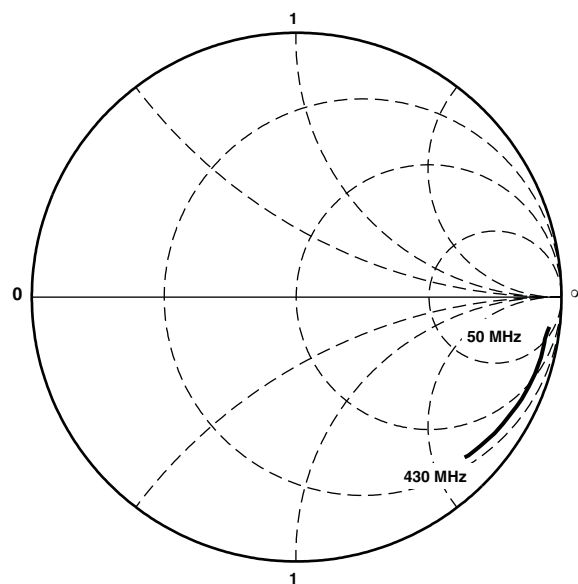


Figure 30. VLO RFIN, VHI RFIN

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

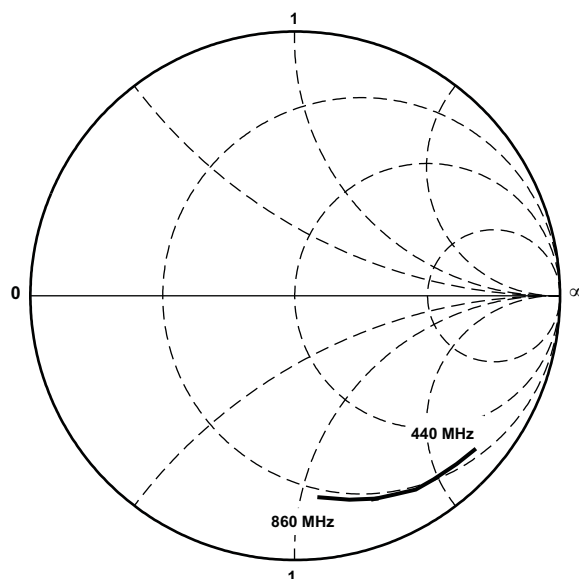


Figure 31. UHF RFIN

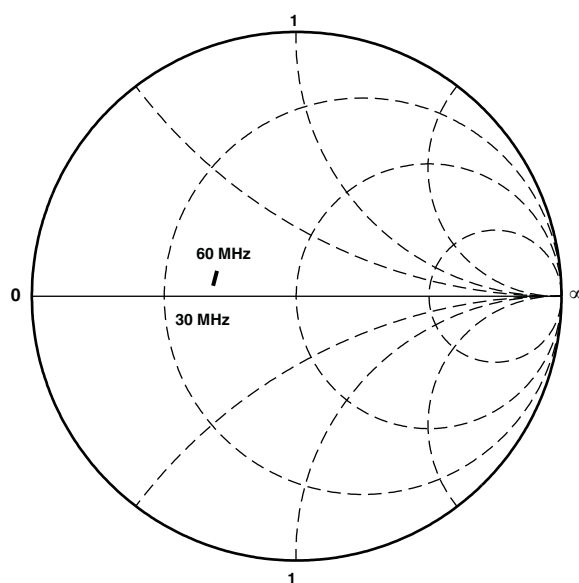


Figure 32. IFOUT

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

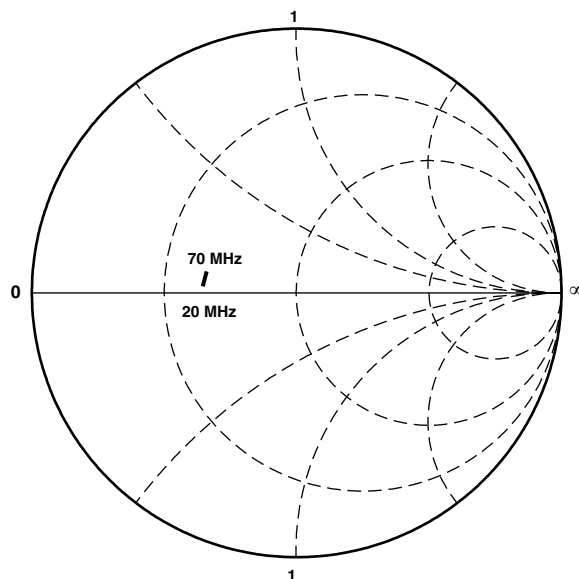


Figure 33. IF GCA OUT

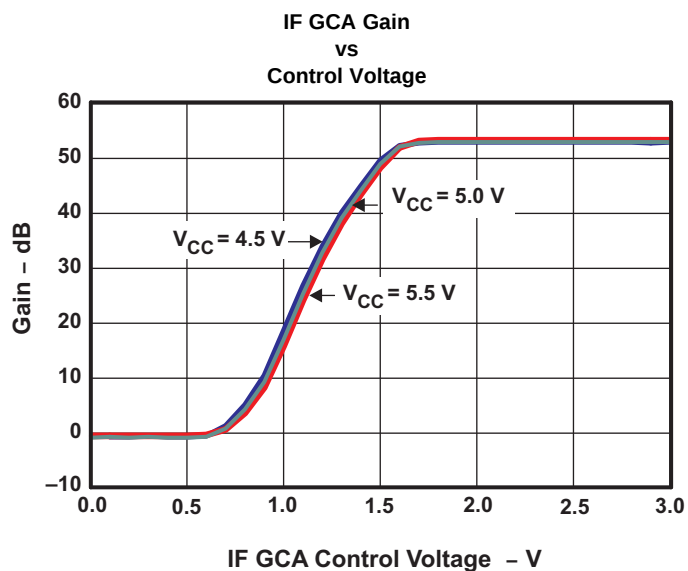


Figure 34. IF GCA Gain vs Control Voltage

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN761668DBTR	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	DBT	44		Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-20 to 85	SN761668	
SN761668DBTR-M	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	DBT	44		Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		SN761668	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN761668DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	44	0	330.0	24.4	6.8	11.7	1.6	12.0	24.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

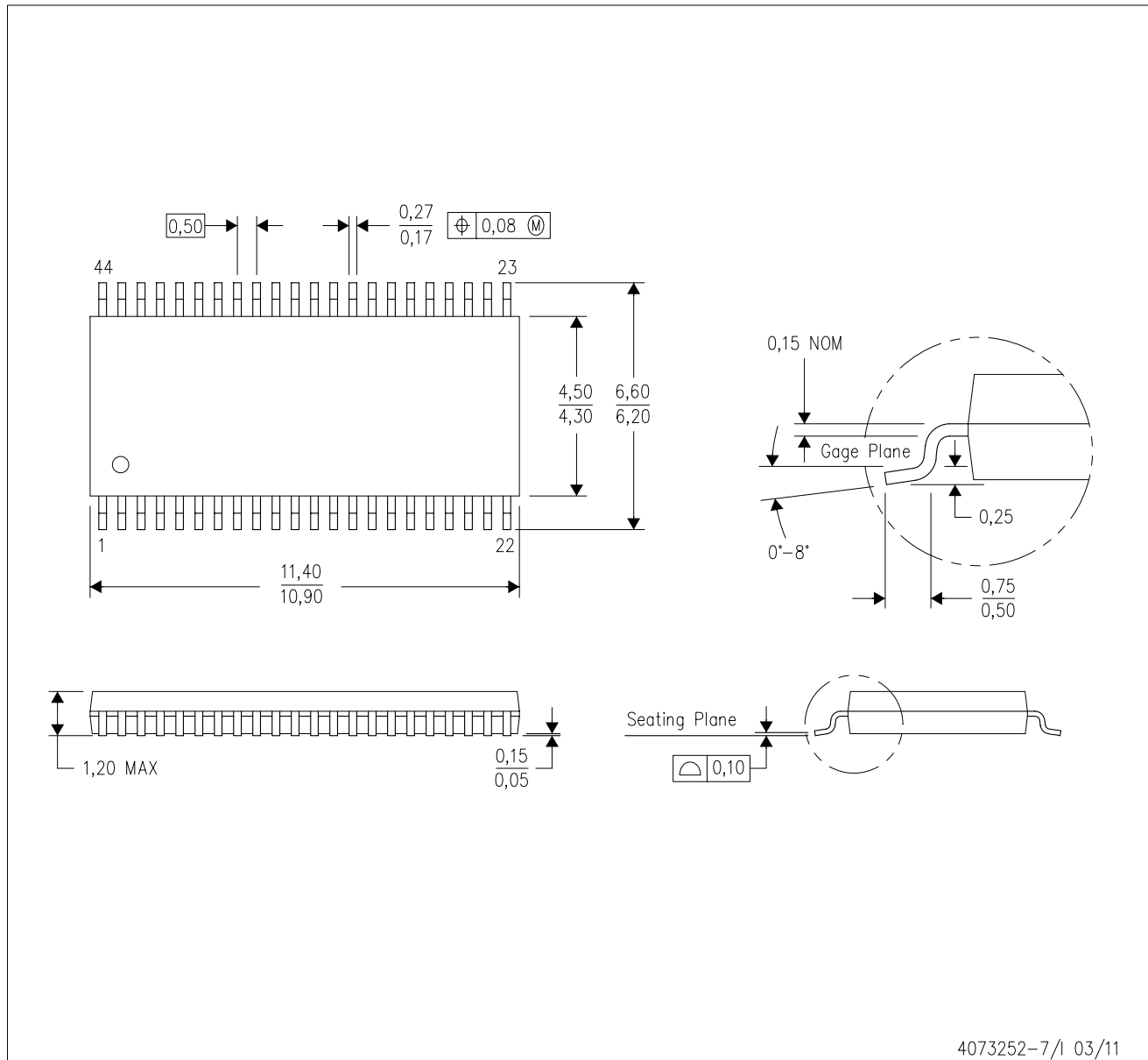


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN761668DBTR	TSSOP	DBT	44	0	367.0	367.0	45.0

DBT (R-PDSO-G44)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.

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